



Experiment No. 4

Karnaugh map Simplification

1. Introduction

A Karnaugh map provides a systematic method for simplifying Boolean expressions and, if properly used, will produce the simplest SOP or POS expression possible, known as the minimum expression

1.1 Objective

The objective of using a **Karnaugh map (K-map)** is to simplify Boolean algebra expressions, which are used in digital logic design

1.2 Work Environment

The CircuitMaker software is used to design and simulate logical circuits.

1.3 Theory

A **Karnaugh Map (K-map)** is a graphical tool used for simplifying Boolean algebra expressions in digital logic design. Developed by Maurice Karnaugh in 1953, it is an enhancement of the truth table method. K-maps are widely used in digital electronics to minimize logic functions, which helps in designing efficient digital circuits with fewer gates and reduced complexity.



Karnaugh Map SOP Minimization

1- Truth table

Input		Output
A	B	Y
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

$\bar{A}.B$

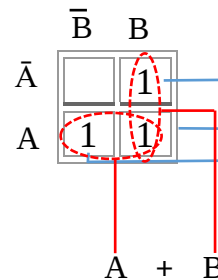
$A.\bar{B}$

$A.B$

2- Minterm Boolean expression

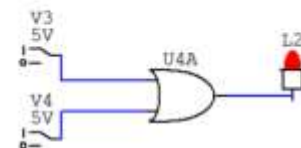
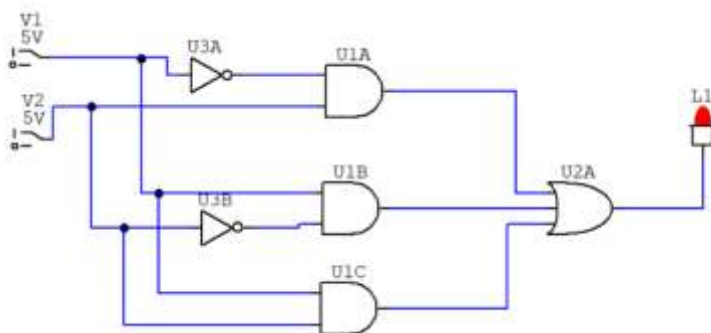
$$A.B + A.\bar{B} + \bar{A}.B$$

3- Plotting 1s on map



4- Looping

5- The final result is $A+B = Y$





Experiment

Using CircuitMaker, complete the following steps:

- 1- Generate the truth table for the standard SOP expression

$$A\bar{B}C + \bar{A}BC + \bar{A}\bar{B}C + \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C} + A\bar{B}\bar{C}$$

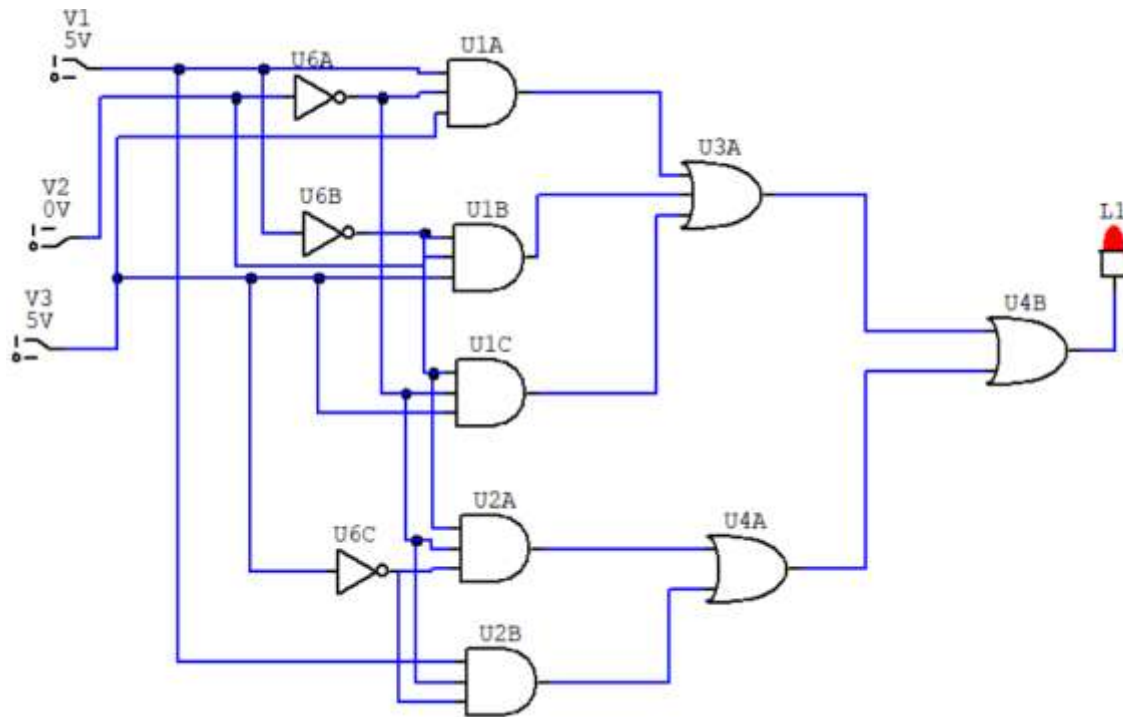
- 2- Draw the logic circuit using CircuitMaker
- 3- Simplify the standard SOP expression using the Karnaugh map.
- 4- Draw the simplified logic circuit.

Solution:

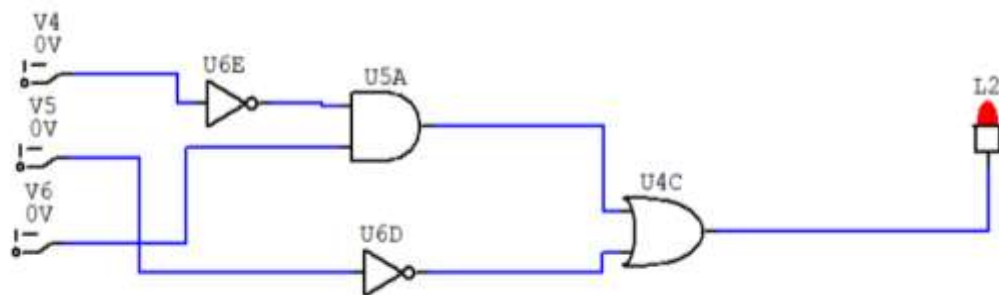
Input			output
C	B	A	Y
0	0	1	1
0	0	0	
0	1	1	1
0	1	0	
1	0	1	1
1	0	0	1
1	1	1	
1	1	0	



Before simplification



After simplification





Discussion:

- 1- Why are Karnaugh map is important in logic circuit design?
- 2- Explain the two types of Karnaugh map.
- 3- Illustrate the SOP expression before and after simplification
- 4- Draw the logic circuit before and after simplification.