



## Normal values of all blood components

The International System of Units, known by the international abbreviation in all languages, and it has term = **SI**.

### References values

Test	Male	Female	Unite
Total WBC	<b>4.0-11.0</b>		$\times 10^9$ /L
Lymphocyte	<b>1.0 - 3.0</b>		$\times 10^9$ / L
Monocyte	<b>0.2 - 1.0</b>		$\times 10^9$ / L
Basophile	<b>0.02 – 0.1</b>		$\times 10^9$ / L
Neutrophil	<b>2.0 – 7.0</b>		$\times 10^9$ / L
Eosinophil	<b>0.02 – 0.5</b>		$\times 10^9$ / L
Packed cell volume (pcv) hematocrite	<b>0.40 – 0.54</b>	<b>0.37 – 0.47</b>	%
Platelates count	<b>150000- 240000</b>		Per mm <sup>3</sup>
Rbc count	<b>4.5 - 6.5</b>	<b>3.8 - 5.8</b>	$\times 10^{12}$ /L
Reticulocyte (adult)	<b>25 – 85</b>		$\times 10^9$ / L
Hemoglobin	<b>13 – 18</b>	<b>11.5 – 16.5</b>	g/dL
Transferrin	<b>0.2 – 0.4</b>		g/dL
Haptoglobin	<b>0.02 – 0.24</b>		g/dL
B12	<b>241 - 900</b>		ng/L
Folate	<b>5 – 20</b>		ng/L
Ferritin	<b>20 -300</b>	<b>14 -150</b>	ng/mL
Iron	<b>56 – 178</b>		$\mu$ g/dL
Mean corpuscular volume (mcv)	<b>78 – 98</b>		fL
Mean corpuscular hemoglobin (mch)	<b>27 – 32</b>		Pg
Mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration (mchc)	<b>32 – 36</b>		gm/dL
Red distribution width (rdw)	<b>10 – 15</b>		%
Blood volume	<b>75 ± 10</b>	<b>70 ± 10</b>	ml/kg
Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR)	<b>0 – 10</b>	<b>3 - 15</b>	mm/hr
Bleeding time	<b>&lt; 8</b>		minutes
Prothrombin time	<b>10.5 – 13.5</b>		Second
Partial thromboplastin time	<b>26 - 36</b>		Second



### Units abbreviations

dl = deciliters	min = minutes
fg = femtogram	mlu = milli international units
fL = femtoliter	ml = milliliters
g = grams	mm3 = cubic milliliters
hr = hour	mmol = millimoles
IU = international units	mOsm = milliosmoles
kg = kilograms	Neg = negative
l = liters	ng = nanograms
mclu = micro international units	nm/mg Pr = nonamoles 1/2 cystine/milligram protein
mceq = microequivalents	pg = picograms
mcu = micro units	pos = positive
mcg = micrograms	sec = seconds
mcl = microliters	TAT = turn around time
mcmol = micromoles	u = units
mEq = milliequivalents	ug/gcr = ug per gram of creatinine
mg = milligrams	

1 Milli liter (mL)	$10^{-3}$ L	0.001
1 Micro liter ( $\mu$ L)	$10^{-6}$ L	0.000001
1 Nano liter (nL)	$10^{-9}$ L	0.000000001
1 Pico liter (PL)	$10^{-12}$ L	0.000000000001
1 femtoliter (FL)	$10^{-15}$ L	0.000000000000001

#### References:

- 1- Adapted from Centers for Disease Control and Prevention *Laboratory Procedure Manual* [http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nhanes/nhanes\\_05\\_06/cbc\\_d\\_met.pdf](http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nhanes/nhanes_05_06/cbc_d_met.pdf) Rev. 11-2010.
- 2- Walsh, M., & Wener, M. (2006). Laboratory procedure manual. *Natl Health Nutr Exam Survey*.