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**Lap: (6)**

**Linked List II**

**Subject: Data Structure**

**Class: second**

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## Update the Node of a Linked List

This code defines a method called updateNode in a linked list class. It is used to update the value of a node at a given position in the linked list.

```
# Update node of a linked list
```

```
# at given position
```

```
def updateNode(self, val, index):  
    current_node = self.head  
  
    position = 0  
  
    if position == index:  
  
        current_node.data = val  
  
    else:  
  
        while(current_node != None and position != index):  
  
            position = position+1  
  
            current_node = current_node.next  
  
            if current_node != None:  
  
                current_node.data != val  
  
            else:  
  
                print("Index not present")
```

## Delete Node in a Linked List

### **Remove First Node from Linked List**

This method removes the first node of the linked list simply by making the second node head of the linked list.



```
def remove_first_node(self):  
  
    if(self.head == None):  
  
        return  
  
    self.head = self.head.next
```

### **Remove Last Node from Linked List**

In this method, we will delete the last node. First, we traverse to the second last node using the while loop, and then we make the next of that node None and last node will be removed.

```
def remove_last_node(self):  
  
    if self.head is None:  
  
        return  
  
    current_node = self.head  
  
    while(current_node.next.next):  
  
        current_node = current_node.next  
  
    current_node.next = None
```

### **Delete a Linked List Node at a given Position**

In this method, we will remove the node at the given index, this method is similar to the insert\_at\_index() method. In this method, if the head is None we simply return else we initialize a current\_node with self.head and position with 0. If the position is equal to the index we called the remove\_first\_node() method else we traverse to the one node before that we want to remove using the while loop. After that when we out of the while loop we check that current\_node is equal to None if not then we make the next of current\_node equal to the next of node that we want to remove else we print the message “Index not present” because current\_node is equal to None.



```
def remove_at_index(self, index):

    if self.head == None:
        return

    current_node = self.head
    position = 0

    if position == index:
        self.remove_first_node()

    else:
        while(current_node != None and position+1 != index):
            position = position+1
            current_node = current_node.next
            if current_node != None:
                current_node.next = current_node.next.next
            else:
                print("Index not present")
```

### **Delete a Linked List Node of a given Data**

This method removes the node with the given data from the linked list. In this method, firstly we made a `current_node` equal to the head and run a while loop to traverse the linked list. This while loop breaks when `current_node` becomes `None` or the data next to the current node is equal to the data given in the argument. Now, After coming out of the loop if the `current_node` is equal to `None` it means that the node is not present in the data and we just return, and if the data next to the `current_node` is equal to the data given then we remove that node by making `next` of that `removed_node` to the `next` of `current_node`. And this is implemented using the if else condition.

```
def remove_node(self, data):
```



```
current_node = self.head

while(current_node != None and current_node.next.data != data):

    current_node = current_node.next

    if current_node == None:

        return

    else:

        current_node.next = current_node.next.next
```

### Linked List Traversal in Python

This method traverses the linked list and prints the data of each node. In this method, we made a `current_node` equal to the head and iterate through the linked list using a while loop until the `current_node` become `None` and print the data of `current_node` in each iteration and make the `current_node` next to it.

```
def printLL(self):

    current_node = self.head

    while(current_node):

        print(current_node.data)

        current_node = current_node.next
```

### Get Length of a Linked List

in Python This method returns the size of the linked list. In this method, we have initialized a counter ‘size’ with 0, and then if the head is not equal to `None` we traverse the linked list using a while loop and increment the size with 1 in each iteration and return the size when `current_node` becomes `None` else we return 0.

```
def sizeOfLL(self):

    size = 0

    if(self.head):
```



```
current_node = self.head  
  
while(current_node):  
  
    size = size+1  
  
    current_node = current_node.next  
  
return size  
  
else:  
  
    return 0
```

### Example of the Linked list in Python

In this example, After defining the Node and LinkedList class we have created a linked list named “llist” using the linked list class and then insert four nodes with character data ‘a’, ‘b’, ‘c’, ‘d’ and ‘g’ in the linked list then we print the linked list using printLL() method linked list class after that we have removed some nodes using remove methods and then print the linked list again and we can see in the output that node is deleted successfully. After that, we also print the size of the linked list.

```
class Node:  
  
    def __init__(self, data):  
  
        self.data = data  
  
        self.next = None  
  
# Create a LinkedList class  
  
class LinkedList:  
  
    def __init__(self):  
  
        self.head = None  
  
    # Method to add a node at the beginning of LL
```



```
def insertAtBegin(self, data):  
  
    new_node = Node(data)  
  
    if self.head is None:  
  
        self.head = new_node  
  
    return  
  
    else:  
  
        new_node.next = self.head  
  
        self.head = new_node  
  
# Method to add a node at any index  
  
# Indexing starts from 0  
  
def insertAtIndex(self, data, index):  
  
    new_node = Node(data)  
  
    current_node = self.head  
  
    position = 0  
  
    if position == index:  
  
        self.insertAtBegin(data)  
  
    else:  
  
        while(current_node != None and position + 1 != index):  
  
            position = position + 1  
  
            current_node = current_node.next  
  
            if current_node != None:  
  
                new_node.next = current_node.next  
  
                current_node.next = new_node  
  
            else:
```



```
print("Index not present")

# Method to add a node at the end of LL

def insertAtEnd(self, data):

    new_node = Node(data)

    if self.head is None:

        self.head = new_node

    return

    current_node = self.head

    while(current_node.next):

        current_node = current_node.next

        current_node.next = new_node

# Method to update node of a linked list at given position

def updateNode(self, val, index):

    current_node = self.head

    position = 0

    if position == index:

        current_node.data = val

    else:

        while(current_node != None and position != index):

            position = position + 1

            current_node = current_node.next

            if current_node != None:

                current_node.data = val

            else:
```



```
print("Index not present")
```

```
# Method to remove first node of linked list
```

```
def remove_first_node(self):
```

```
    if self.head == None:
```

```
        return
```

```
    self.head = self.head.next
```

```
# Method to remove last node of linked list
```

```
def remove_last_node(self):
```

```
    if self.head is None:
```

```
        return
```

```
    current_node = self.head
```

```
    while(current_node.next and current_node.next.next):
```

```
        current_node = current_node.next
```

```
    current_node.next = None
```

```
# Method to remove a node at given index
```

```
def remove_at_index(self, index):
```

```
    if self.head == None:
```

```
        return
```

```
    current_node = self.head
```

```
    position = 0
```

```
    if position == index:
```

```
        self.remove_first_node()
```

```
    else:
```



```
while(current_node != None and position + 1 != index):  
  
    position = position + 1  
  
    current_node = current_node.next  
  
    if current_node != None:  
  
        current_node.next = current_node.next.next  
  
    else:  
  
        print("Index not present")  
  
# Method to remove a node from linked list  
  
def remove_node(self, data):  
  
    current_node = self.head  
  
    while(current_node != None and current_node.next and current_node.next.data != data):  
  
        current_node = current_node.next  
  
    if current_node == None or current_node.next == None:  
  
        return  
  
    else:  
  
        current_node.next = current_node.next.next  
  
# Print the size of linked list  
  
def sizeOfLL(self):  
  
    size = 0  
  
    if self.head:  
  
        current_node = self.head  
  
        while(current_node):  
  
            size = size + 1  
  
            current_node = current_node.next
```



```
return size

else:

    return 0

# Print method for the linked list

def printLL(self):

    current_node = self.head

    while(current_node):

        print(current_node.data)

        current_node = current_node.next

# create a new linked list

llist = LinkedList()

# add nodes to the linked list

llist.insertAtEnd('a')

llist.insertAtEnd('b')

llist.insertAtBegin('c')

llist.insertAtEnd('d')

llist.insertAtIndex('g', 2)

# print the linked list

print("Node Data")

llist.printLL()

# remove a node from the linked list

print("\nRemove First Node")

llist.remove_first_node()

print("Remove Last Node")
```



```
llist.remove_last_node()  
  
print("Remove Node at Index 1")  
  
llist.remove_at_index(1)  
  
# print the linked list again  
  
print("\nLinked list after removing a node:")  
  
llist.printLL()  
  
print("\nUpdate node Value")  
  
llist.updateNode('z', 0)  
  
llist.printLL()  
  
print("\nSize of linked list:", end=" ")  
  
print(llist.sizeOfLL())
```

## Output:

```
Python 3.12.6 (tags/v3.12.6:a4a2d2b, Sep  6 2024, 20:11:23) [MSC v.1940 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32  
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.  
= RESTART: C:/Users/ALFA/Desktop/python_3/123.PY  
Node Data  
c  
a  
g  
b  
d  
  
Remove First Node  
Remove Last Node  
Remove Node at Index 1  
  
Linked list after removing a node:  
a  
b  
  
Update node Value  
z  
b  
  
size of linked list: 2
```