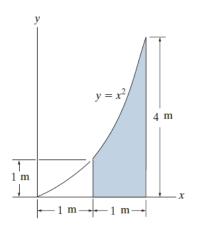
Example No. 2: Determine the centroid (\bar{x}, \bar{y}) of the shaded area.



Solution:

$$\bar{x} = \frac{My}{A} = \frac{\int_A x_c \cdot dA}{\int_A dA}, \qquad \bar{y} = \frac{Mx}{A} = \frac{\int_A y_c \cdot dA}{\int_A dA}$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{Mx}{A} = \frac{\int_A y_c \cdot dA}{\int_A dA}$$

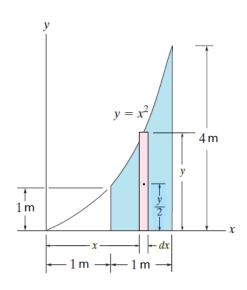
By vertical strip

$$x_c = x$$
, $y_c = \frac{y}{2}$

$$dA = y dx$$
, $y = x^2$

$$dA = x^2 dx$$

$$A = \int_{A} dA = \int_{1}^{2} x^{2} dx = \frac{x^{3}}{3} \Big|_{1}^{2} = \left(\frac{2^{3}}{3} - \frac{1^{3}}{3}\right) = \frac{7}{3} m^{2}$$



$$My = \int_{A} x_{c} \cdot dA = \int_{1}^{2} x \cdot x^{2} dx = \int_{1}^{2} x^{3} dx = \frac{x^{4}}{4} \Big|_{1}^{2} = \left(\frac{2^{4}}{4} - \frac{1^{4}}{4}\right) = 3.75 \ m^{3}$$

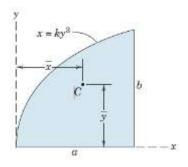
$$Mx = \int_{A} y_c \cdot dA = \int_{1}^{2} \frac{y}{2} \cdot x^2 dx = \int_{1}^{2} \frac{x^2}{2} \cdot x^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_{1}^{2} x^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{x^5}{5} \Big|_{1}^{2} = \left(\frac{2^5}{10} - \frac{1^5}{10}\right) = 3.1 \ m^3$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{My}{A} = \frac{3.75}{7/3} = 1.607 \, m$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{Mx}{A} = \frac{3.1}{7/3} = 1.329 m$$

Example No. 3: Locate the centroid of the area under the curve $x = ky^3$ if a = 8 m, and b = 12 m.



Solution:

$$x = ky^3$$

Substituting point (a,b) to find k:

$$a = kb^3 \quad \to \quad k = \frac{a}{b^3} = \frac{8}{1728}$$

$$x = \frac{8}{1728} y^3$$

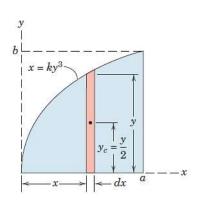
$$\bar{x} = \frac{My}{A} = \frac{\int_A x_c \cdot dA}{\int_A dA}, \qquad \bar{y} = \frac{Mx}{A} = \frac{\int_A y_c \cdot dA}{\int_A dA}$$

Method I: by vertical strip

$$x_c = x$$

$$y_c = \frac{y}{2}$$

$$dA = y dx$$
, $y = \left(\frac{1728}{8}x\right)^{1/3} = 6 x^{1/3}$



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$$dA = 6 x^{1/3} dx$$

$$A = \int_{A} dA = 6 \int_{0}^{8} x^{1/3} dx = 6 \frac{x^{4/3}}{4/3} \Big|_{0}^{8} = 72 m^{2}$$

$$My = \int_{A} x_{c} \cdot dA = \int_{0}^{8} x \cdot 6 x^{1/3} dx = 6 \int_{0}^{8} x^{4/3} dx = 6 \frac{x^{7/3}}{7/3} \Big|_{0}^{8} = 329.143 \ m^{3}$$

$$Mx = \int_{A} y_{c} \cdot dA = \int_{0}^{8} \frac{y}{2} \cdot 6 x^{1/3} dx = \int_{0}^{8} \frac{6 x^{1/3}}{2} \cdot 6 x^{1/3} dx = 18 \int_{0}^{8} x^{2/3} dx$$

$$=18\frac{x^{5/3}}{5/3}\bigg]_0^8=345.6\ m^3$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{329.143}{72} = 4.571 \, m$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{345.6}{72} = 4.8 \ m$$

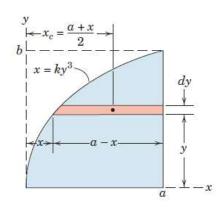
H.W: Method II: by horizontal strip

$$x_c = x + \frac{(8-x)}{2} = \frac{(8+x)}{2}$$

$$y_c = y$$
,

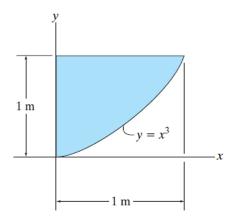
$$dA = (8 - x) dy, \qquad x = \frac{8}{1728} y^3$$

$$dA = \left(8 - \frac{8}{1728} y^3\right) dy = \frac{8}{1728} (1728 - y^3) dy$$



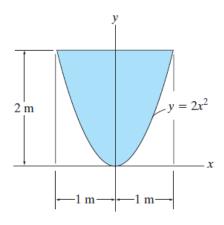
Problems:

1. Determine the centroid (\bar{x}, \bar{y}) of the shaded area by using vertical and horizontal strip.



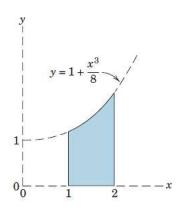
Answer: $\bar{x} = 0.4 \, m$, $\bar{y} = 0.571 \, m$

2. Determine the centroid y of the shaded area.



Answer: $\overline{y} = 1.2 m$

3. Determine the x- and y-coordinates of the centroid of the shaded area.



Answer: $\bar{x} = 1.549$, $\bar{y} = 0.756$