جامعة المستقبل – كلية العلوم قســم الانظـمـة الـطبية الـذكـيـة Intelligent Medical Systems Department



Cloud Computing Concepts and Technology

Lecture (1)

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Cloud Definitions

In 1969, Leonard Kleinrock, one of the chief scientists of the original Advanced Research Projects Agency Network (ARPANET), which seeded the Internet, said:

As of now, computer networks are still in their infancy, but as they grow up and become sophisticated, we will probably see the spread of 'computer utilities' which, like present electric and telephone utilities, will service individual homes and offices across the country.

I don't care where my servers are, who manages them, where my documents are stored, or where my applications are hosted. I just want them always available and access them from any device connected through Internet. And I am willing to pay for this service for as a long as I need it.

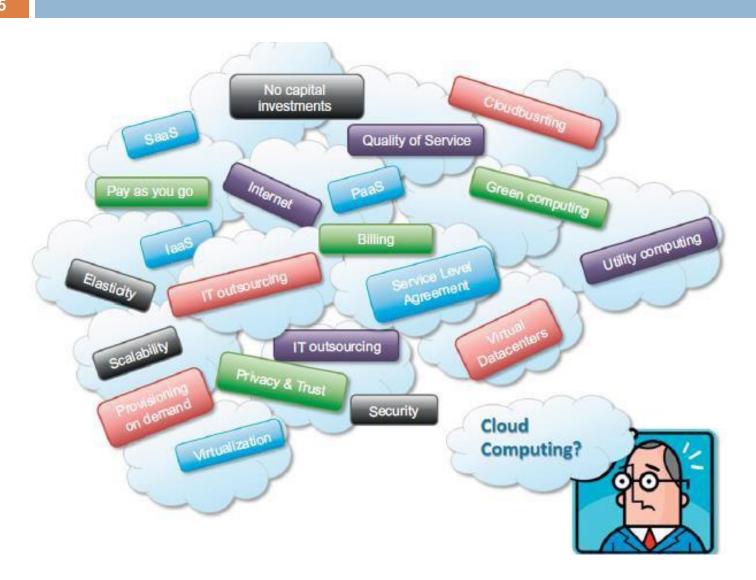
Introduction



Cloud Definition (NIST)

Cloud computing is a model for enabling ubiquitous, convenient, on-demand network access to a shared pool of configurable computing resources (e.g., networks, servers, storage, applications, and services) that can be rapidly provisioned and released with minimal management effort or service provider interaction.

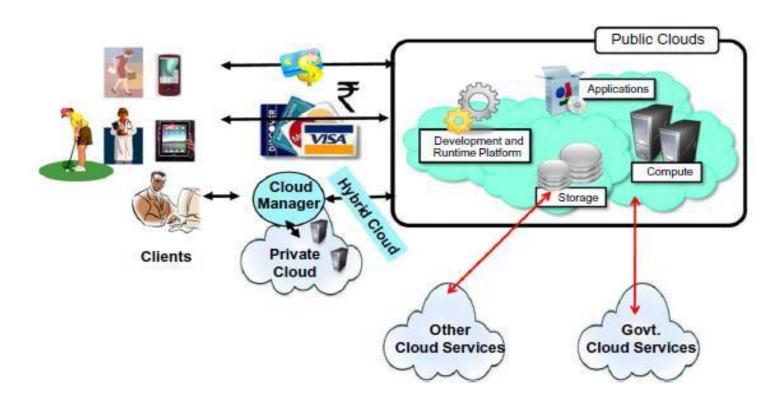
Cloud Computing Technologies



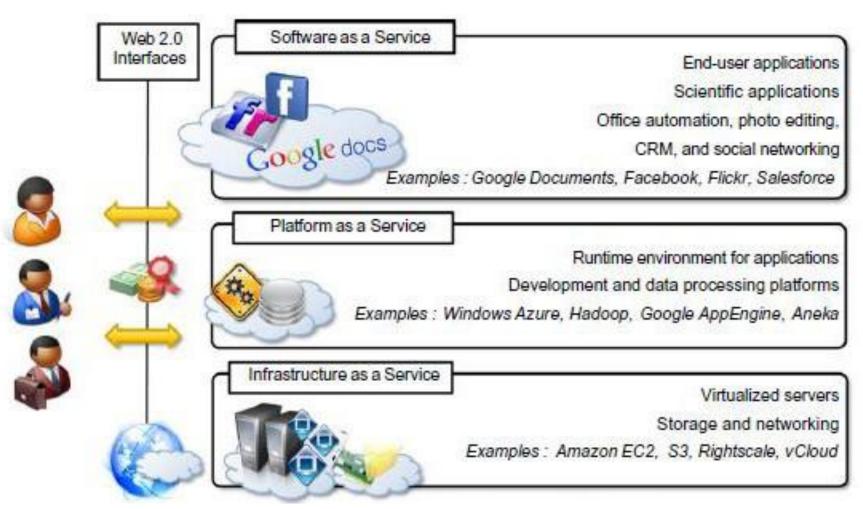
Cloud Deployment Model



Subscription - Oriented Cloud Services: X{compute, apps, data, ..} as a Service (..aaS)



Cloud Platforms



Cloud Benefits

- No up-front commitments
- On-demand access
- Nice pricing
- Simplified application acceleration and scalability
- Efficient resource allocation
- Energy efficiency Seamless creation and use of third-party services

Cloud Challenges

 a new set of challenges concerning the dynamic provisioning of cloud computing services and resources arises. For example, in the Infrastructure-asa-Service domain, how many resources need to be provisioned, and for how long should they be used, in order to maximize the benefit. Technical challenges also arise for cloud service providers for the management of large computing infrastructures and the use of virtualization technologies on top of them.

Secuirty

Historical Development

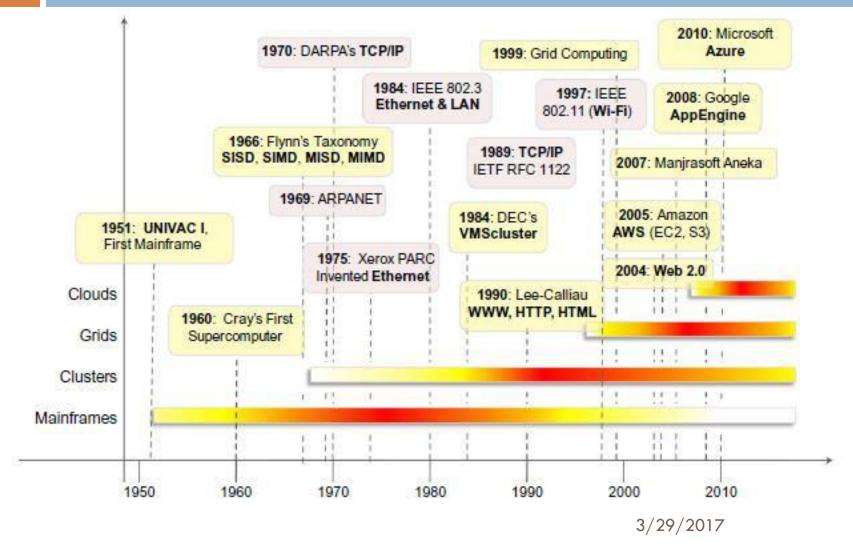
Distributed systems

A distributed system is a collection of independent computers that appears to its users as a single coherent system.

Three major milestones have led to cloud computing: mainframe computing, cluster computing, and grid computing.

- Mainframes.
- Clusters.
- Grids.

Historical Development



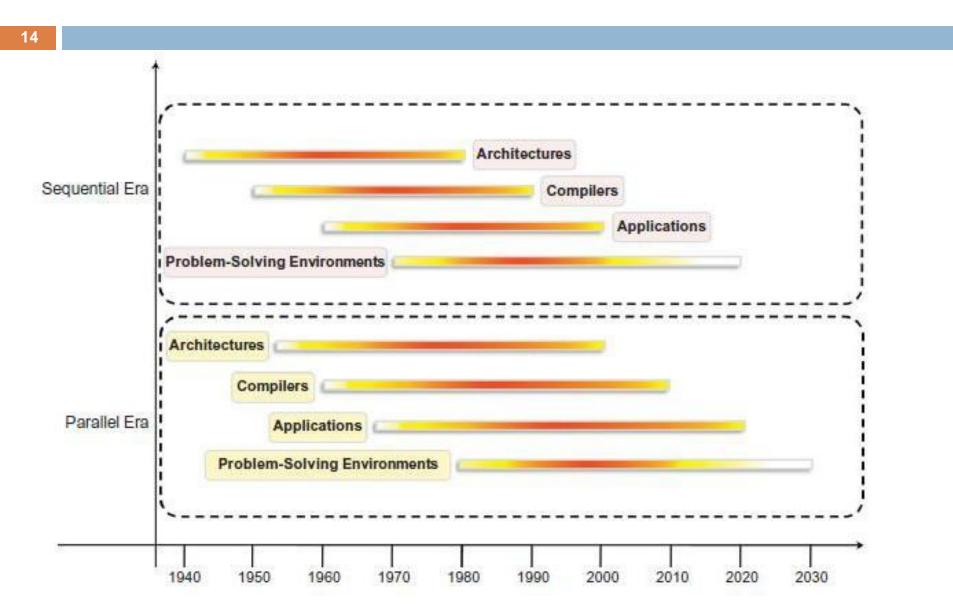
Virtualization

- Virtualization is another core technology for cloud computing. It encompasses acollection of solutions
- allowing theabstraction of some of the fundamental elements forcomputing ,suchashard- ware, runtime environments, storage,and networking. Virtualization has been around for more than 40 years, but its application has always been limited bytechnologies that did not allow an efficient use of virtualization solutions.
- Web 2.0 (XML. SOAP, AJAX. WSDL) examples are facebook, google flicker, google 3/29/2019s, google documents, you tube, twitter

Cloud Platform Examples

- Amazon web services (AWS)
- Google AppEngine
- microsoft Azure
- Hadoop
- Force.com and Salesforce.com
 - Manjrasoft Aneka

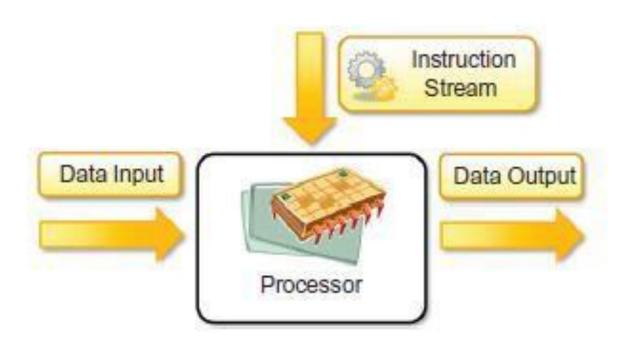
Parallel v.s. Distributed



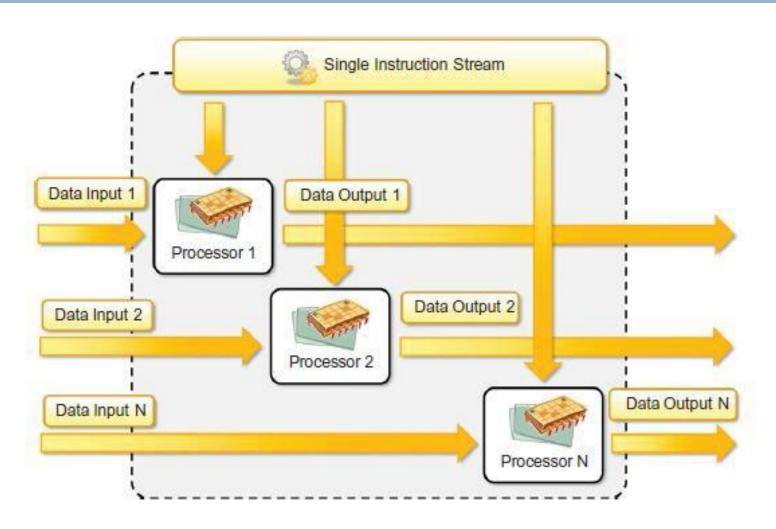
Parallel Processing

- Processing of multiple tasks simultaneously on multiple processors is called parallel processing
 - Single-instruction, single-data (SISD) systems
 - Single-instruction, multiple-data (SIMD) systems
 - Multiple-instruction, single-data (MISD) systems
 - Multiple-instruction, multiple-data (MIMD) systems

SISD

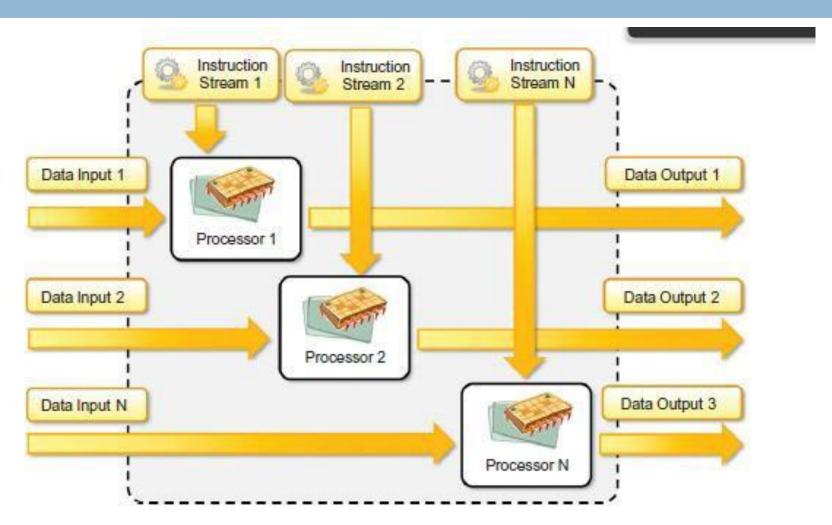


SIMD

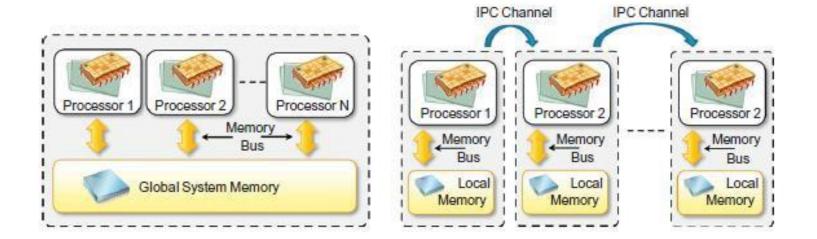


$$Ci = Ai * Bi$$

MISD



MIMD



Shared memory MIMD machines Distributed memory MIMD machines

Approaches to parallel programming

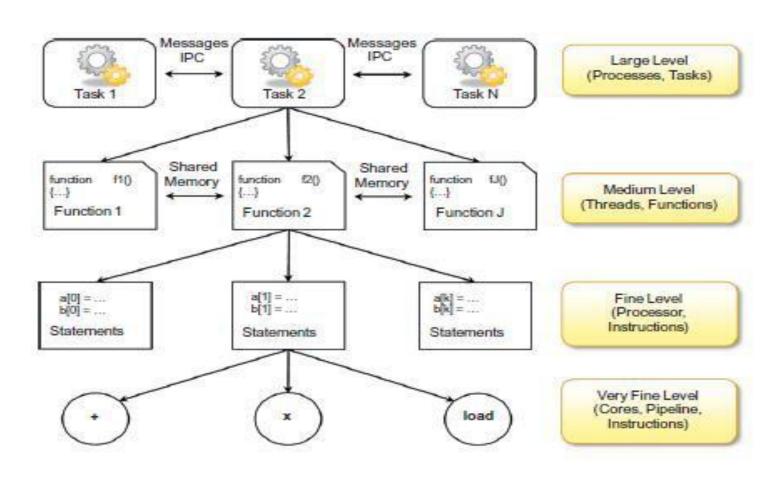
- Data parallelism
- Process parallelism
- Farmer-and-worker model

These three models are all suitable for task-level parallelism. In the case of data parallelism, the divide-and-conquer technique is used to split data into multiple sets, and each data set is processed on different PEs using the same instruction. This approach is highly suitable to processing on machines based on the SIMD model. In the case of process parallelism, a given operation has multiple (but distinct) activities that can be processed on multiple processors. In the case of the farmer- and-worker model, a job distribution approach is used: one processor is configured as master and all other remaining PEs are designated as slaves; the master assigns jobs to slave PEs and, on completion, they inform the master, which in turn collects results. These approaches can be utilized in different levels of parallelism.

Levels of parallelism

Table 2.1 Levels of Parallelism			
Grain Size	Code Item	Parallelized By	
Large	Separate and heavyweight process	Programmer	
Medium	Function or procedure	Programmer	
Fine	Loop or instruction block	Parallelizing compiler	
Very fine	Instruction	Processor	

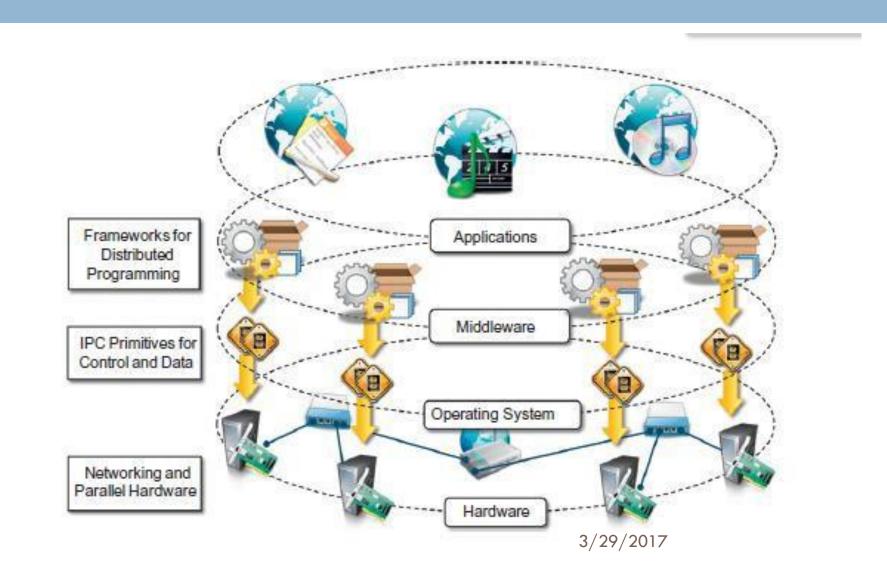
Levels of parallelism



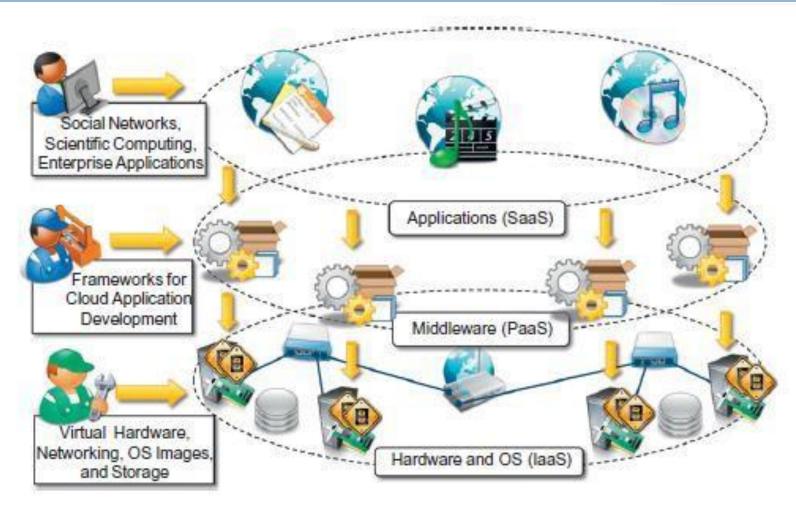
Distributed System Definitions

 A distributed system is a collection of independent computers that appears to its users as a single coherent system

Complements of Distributed System



Cloud Computing DS

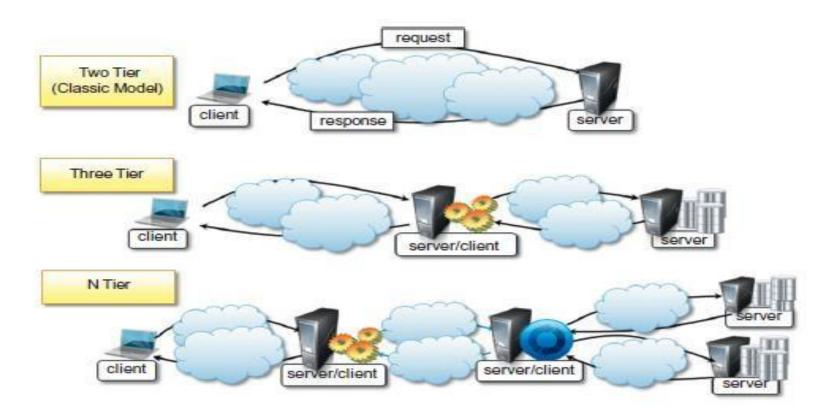


Software architectural styles

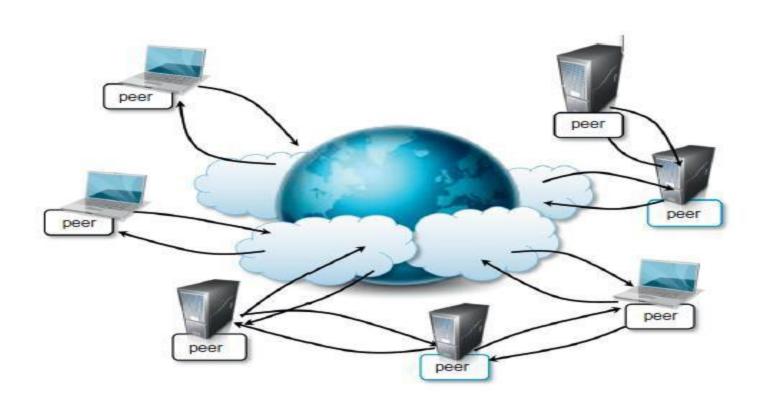
Category	Most Common Architectural Styles
Data-centered	Repository Blackboard
Data flow	Pipe and filter Batch sequential
Virtual machine	Rule-based system Interpreter
Call and return	Main program and subroutine call/top-down systems Object-oriented systems Layered systems
Independent components	Communicating processes Event systems

System architectural styles

- Client/server
 - Thin-client model.
 - Fat-client model.

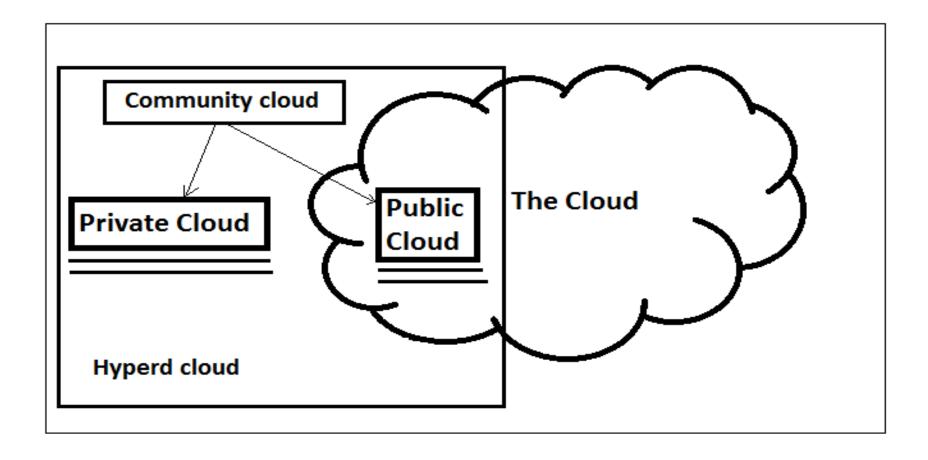


Peer to Peer



Part 5: Deployment Models

Pay per use



Cloud Platforms

Cloud Client

E d User	SaaS	CRNIJ En1aiJ, v]:rtna1 dcsktop. cmnmunjcation, games•
Applicahon Developer	Paa.S	Execution .runti1ne database, feb server, devdopcn1cnt tools
Nen "ork Artichect	Ia.aS	Vertual maddnes sereers, storage load balance nch\fork,

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salesfo.rce. NetSuile. Zohi, Zitnbm, Office Live, concure "faleo

Ex:t mplcs:

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Exan1plcs:

Anlla:zon, Rackspnce, EMC Sun(Project Caroline),. Blue loud

THANK YOU