

Sheet- 2

1. Heat conduction equation of one dimension with heat generation and steady state is _____.

(a) $\frac{d}{dx} \left(k \frac{dT}{dx} \right) - \dot{g} = 0$ (b) $\frac{d^2 T}{dx^2} + \dot{g} = 0$
(c) $\frac{d^2 T}{dx^2} - \frac{\dot{g}}{k} = 0$ (d) $\frac{d}{dx} \left(k \frac{dT}{dx} \right) + \dot{g} = 0$ (e) No one of above

2. Heat conduction equation of one dimension for steady flow with no heat source and constant thermal conductivity in cylindrical coordinate is _____.

(a) $\frac{d^2 T}{dr^2} = 0$ (b) $\frac{d}{dr} \left(r \frac{dT}{dr} \right) = 0$ (c) $\frac{d}{dr} \left(r^2 \frac{dT}{dr} \right) = 0$
(d) $\frac{d}{dr} \left(r^3 \frac{dT}{dr} \right) = 0$ (e) $\frac{d}{dr} \left(kr^2 \frac{dT}{dr} \right) = 0$

3. Heat transfer by convection through spherical surface is calculated by the _____.

(a) $4\pi r^2 h(T_s - T_\infty)$ (b) $\pi r^2 h(T_s - T_\infty)$ (c) $4\pi r^2 k(T_s - T_\infty)$
(d) $2\pi r L h(T_s - T_\infty)$ (e) $r^2 h(T_s - T_\infty)$

4. Thermal resistance for a plane wall is _____.

(a) $R_{th} = \frac{k}{A\Delta x}$ (b) $R_{th} = \frac{A}{k\Delta x}$ (c) $R_{th} = \frac{\Delta x}{kA}$ (d) $R_{th} = \frac{Ak}{\Delta x}$ (e) $R_{th} = \frac{k\Delta x}{A}$

5. Heat transfer rate by conduction in the wall is _____

(a) $\dot{Q} = \frac{k\Delta x(T_1 - T_2)}{A}$ (b) $\dot{Q} = \frac{\Delta x(T_1 - T_2)}{Ak}$ (c) $\dot{Q} = \frac{kA(T_1 - T_2)}{\Delta x}$ (d) $\dot{Q} = \frac{kAx(T_2 - T_1)}{\Delta x}$
(e) No one of the above

6. Heat conduction resistance for cylindrical shell is _____.

(a) $R_{cyl} = \frac{1}{4\pi k r^2} \ln \frac{r_2}{r_1}$ (b) $R_{cyl} = \frac{1}{4\pi r L k} \ln \frac{r_2}{r_1}$ (c) $R_{cyl} = \frac{1}{2\pi k r^2} \ln \frac{r_2}{r_1}$
(d) $R_{cyl} = \frac{1}{2\pi L k} \ln \frac{r_2}{r_1}$ (e) $R_{cyl} = \frac{1}{2\pi L h} \ln \frac{r_2}{r_1}$

7. Thermal resistance of spherical shell is _____.

(a) $R_{sph} = \frac{1}{4\pi k} \ln \frac{r_2}{r_1}$ (b) $R_{sph} = \frac{1}{4\pi k} \ln \frac{r_1}{r_2}$ (c) $R_{sph} = \frac{1}{4\pi k} \left(\frac{1}{r_2} - \frac{1}{r_1} \right)$

(d) $R_{sph} = \frac{1}{4\pi k} \left(\frac{1}{r_1} - \frac{1}{r_2} \right)$ (e) $R_{sph} = \frac{1}{4\pi L k} \left(\frac{1}{r_1} - \frac{1}{r_2} \right)$

8. Overall heat transfer coefficient is combination of _____

(a) conduction-convection-conduction (b) convection- radiation-conduction

(c) convection-conduction-convection (d) radiation-conduction-radiation

(e) convection-convection-conduction

9. Composite wall of two layers in series has the two resistances R_{th1} and R_{th2} . The resultant resistance is _____.

(a) $R_{th} = R_{th1}/R_{th2}$ (b) $R_{th} = R_{th1} + R_{th2}$ (c) $R_{th} = \frac{R_{th1}R_{th2}}{R_{th1} + R_{th2}}$ (d) $R_{th} = R_{th1} - R_{th2}$

(e) $R_{th} = R_{th1} \times R_{th2}$

10. The overall heat transfer for cylindrical shell based on the outer surface area _____.

(a) $U_o = \left[\frac{1}{h_i} + \frac{r_o}{k} \ln \frac{r_i}{r_o} + \frac{1}{h_o} \right]^{-1}$ (b) $U_o = \left[\frac{r_o}{h_i} + \frac{r_o}{k} \ln \frac{r_o}{r_i} + \frac{1}{h_o} \right]^{-1}$

(c) $U_o = \left[\frac{r_o}{r_i h_i} + \frac{r_o}{k} \ln \frac{r_o}{r_i} + \frac{1}{h_o} \right]^{-1}$ (d) $U_o = \left[\frac{1}{h_i} + \frac{r_o}{k} \ln \frac{r_i}{r_o} + \frac{r_i}{r_o h_o} \right]^{-1}$

(e) $U_o = \left[\frac{r_i}{h_i} + \frac{r_o}{k} \ln \frac{r_i}{r_o} + \frac{r_o}{h_o} \right]^{-1}$

11. The differential equation of temperature distribution in a plane wall for steady state with no heat generation and thermal conductivity if function of temperature is _____.

(a) $\frac{d^2 T}{dx^2} = 0$ (b) $\frac{d^2 T}{dx^2} + \frac{\dot{q}}{k} = 0$ (c) $\frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2} = \frac{1}{\alpha} \frac{\partial T}{\partial \tau}$ (d) $\frac{d}{dx} \left(k \frac{dT}{dx} \right) = 0$ (e) $\frac{dT}{dx} = 0$