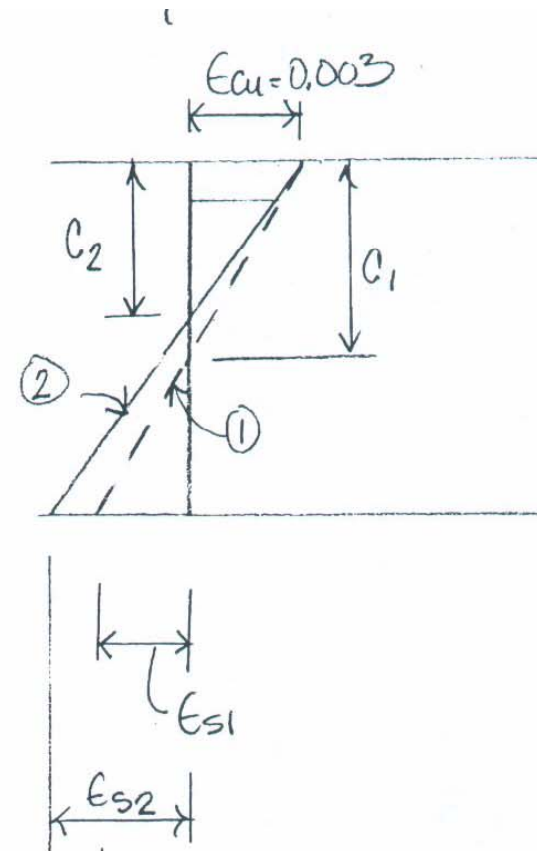
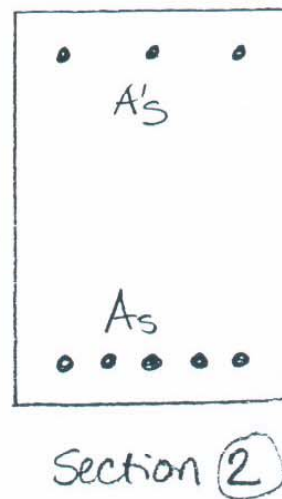
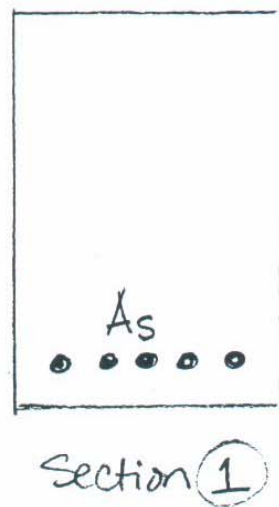


Effect of Compression Reinforcement

Compare the strain distribution in two beams with the same A_s



Effect of Compression Reinforcement

Section 1:

$$T = A_s f_s$$

$$T = C_{c1} = 0.85 f'_c b a = 0.85 f'_c b \beta_1 c_1$$

$$c_1 = \frac{A_s f_s}{0.85 f'_c b \beta_1}$$

Section 2:

$$T = A_s f_s$$

$$T = C'_s + C_{c1}$$

$$= A'_s f'_s + 0.85 f'_c b a_2$$

$$= A'_s f'_s + 0.85 f'_c b \beta_1 c_2$$

$$c_2 = \frac{A_s f_s - A'_s f'_s}{0.85 f'_c b \beta_1}$$

Addition of A'_s strengthens compression zone so that less concrete is needed to resist a given value of T . \longrightarrow NA goes up ($c_2 < c_1$) and ϵ_s increases ($\epsilon_{s2} > \epsilon_{s1}$).

Doubly Reinforced Beams

Four Possible Modes of Failure

- Under reinforced Failure
 - (Case 1) Compression and tension steel yields
 - (Case 2) Only tension steel yields
- Over reinforced Failure
 - (Case 3) Only compression steel yields
 - (Case 4) No yielding Concrete crushes

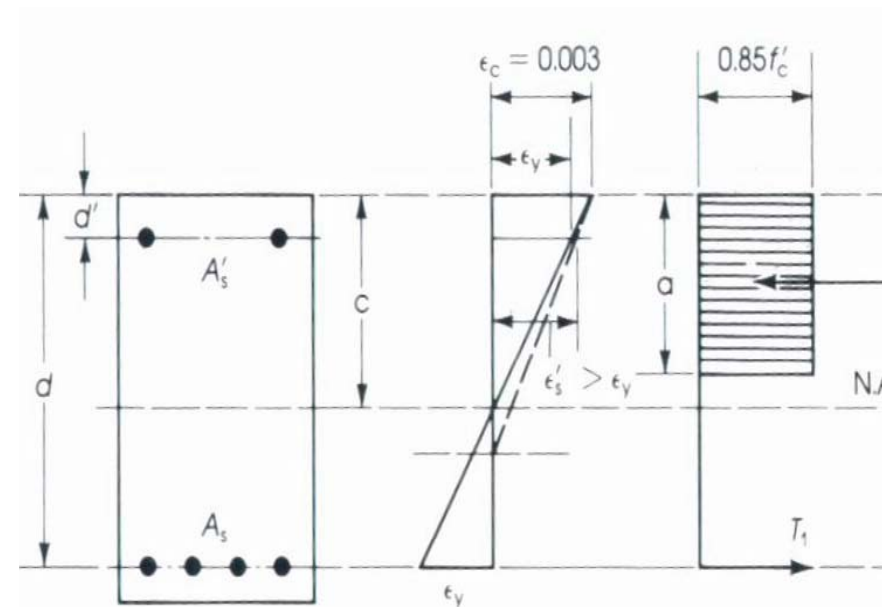
Analysis of Doubly Reinforced Rectangular Sections

Strain Compatibility Check

Assume ϵ_s' using similar triangles

$$\frac{\epsilon_s}{(c - d')} = \frac{0.003}{c} \Rightarrow$$

$$\epsilon_s = \frac{(c - d') * 0.003}{c}$$



Analysis of Doubly Reinforced Rectangular Sections

Strain Compatibility

Using equilibrium and find a

$$T = C'_c + C'_s \Rightarrow a = \frac{(A_s - A'_s) f_y}{0.85 f'_c b}$$

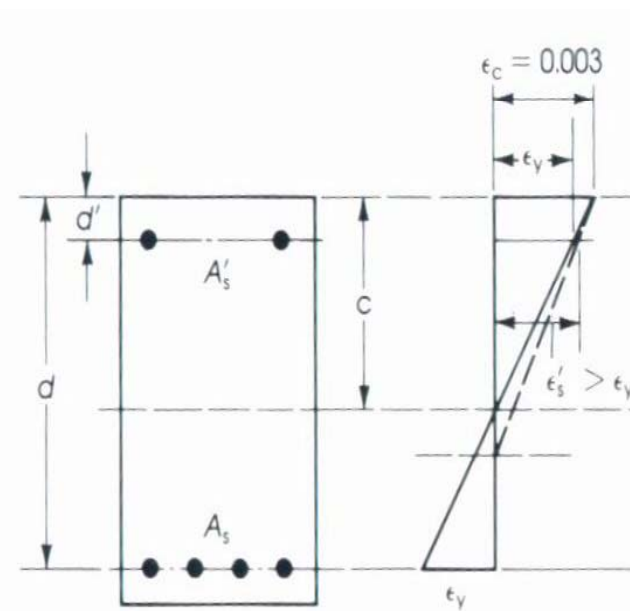
$$c = \frac{a}{\beta_1} = \frac{(A_s - A'_s) f_y}{\beta_1 (0.85 f'_c b)} = \frac{(\rho - \rho') d f_y}{\beta_1 (0.85 f'_c)}$$

Analysis of Doubly Reinforced Rectangular Sections

Strain Compatibility

The strain in the compression steel is

$$\begin{aligned}\epsilon'_s &= \left(1 - \frac{d'}{c}\right) \epsilon_{cu} \\ &= \left(1 - \frac{\beta_1 (0.85 f'_c) d'}{(\rho - \rho') d f_y}\right) 0.003\end{aligned}$$



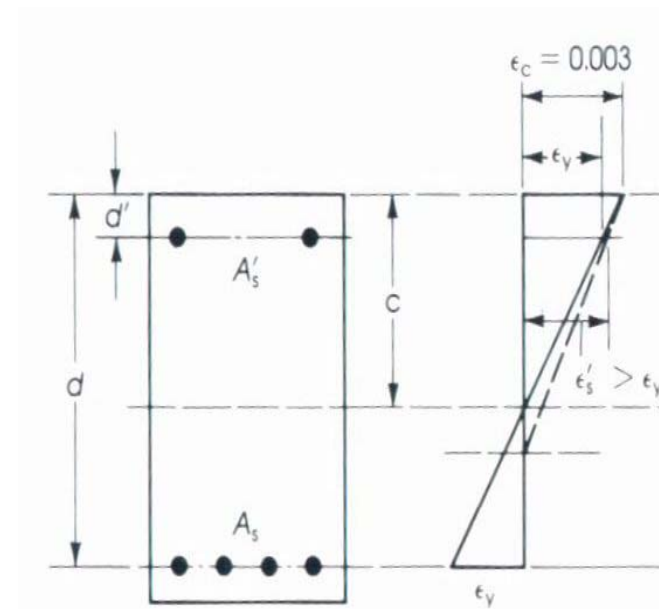
Analysis of Doubly Reinforced Rectangular Sections

Strain Compatibility

Confirm

$$\epsilon'_s \geq \epsilon_y = \frac{f_y}{E_s}; \quad \epsilon_s \geq \epsilon_y$$

$$\epsilon'_s = \left(1 - \frac{\beta_1 (0.85 f'_c) d'}{(\rho - \rho') d f_y} \right) 0.003 \geq \frac{f_y}{E_s} = \frac{f_y}{29 \times 10^6}$$



Analysis of Doubly Reinforced Rectangular Sections

Strain Compatibility

Confirm

$$-\frac{\beta_1 (0.85 f'_c) d'}{(\rho - \rho') d f_y} \geq \frac{f_y - 87000}{87000}$$

$$(\rho - \rho') \geq \left(\frac{\beta_1 (0.85 f'_c) d'}{d f_y} \right) \left(\frac{87000}{87000 - f_y} \right)$$

Analysis of Doubly Reinforced Rectangular Sections

If the statement is true than

$$M_n = (A_s - A'_s) f_y \left(d - \frac{a}{2} \right) + A'_s f_y (d - d')$$

else the strain in the compression steel

$$f_s = E \varepsilon_s$$

Analysis of Doubly Reinforced Rectangular Sections

Strain

Compute the stress in the compression steel.

$$f'_s = 29 \times 10^6 \left(1 - \frac{\beta_1 (0.85 f'_c) d'}{(\rho - \rho') d f_y} \right) 0.003$$

Analysis of Doubly Reinforced Rectangular Sections

Go back and calculate the equilibrium with f_s'

$$T = C'_c + C'_s \Rightarrow a = \frac{(A_s f_y - A'_s f_s')}{0.85 f'_c b}$$

$$c = \frac{a}{\beta_1}$$

Iterate until the c value is adjusted for the f_s'

$$f'_s = \left(1 - \frac{d'}{c}\right) 87000$$

Analysis of Doubly Reinforced Rectangular Sections

Go back and calculate the moment capacity of the beam

$$M_n = \left(A_s f_y - A'_s f'_s \right) \left(d - \frac{a}{2} \right) + A'_s f'_s (d - d')$$

Limitations on Reinforcement Ratio for Doubly Reinforced beams

Lower limit on ρ (ACI 10.5)
same as for single reinforce beams.

$$\rho_{\min} = \frac{3\sqrt{f'_c}}{f_y} \geq \frac{200}{f_y}$$