

Al Mustaqbal University College of Medicine



Computer Science

Lecture 1 Introduction to Computers

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Objectives Overview

Explain why computer literacy is vital to success in today's world Define the term, computer, and describe the relationship between data and information

Describe the five components of a computer

Discuss the advantages and disadvantages that users experience when working with computers

Define the term, network, and identify benefits of sharing resources on a network

Discuss the uses of the Internet and World Wide Web

Objectives Overview

Distinguish between system software and application software

Differentiate among types, sizes, and functions of computers in each category Describe the role of each element in an information system

Explain how home users, small office/home office users, mobile users, power users, and enterprise users each interact with computers

Discuss how society uses computers in education, finance, government, health care, science, publishing, travel, and manufacturing

A World of Computers

Computers are everywhere



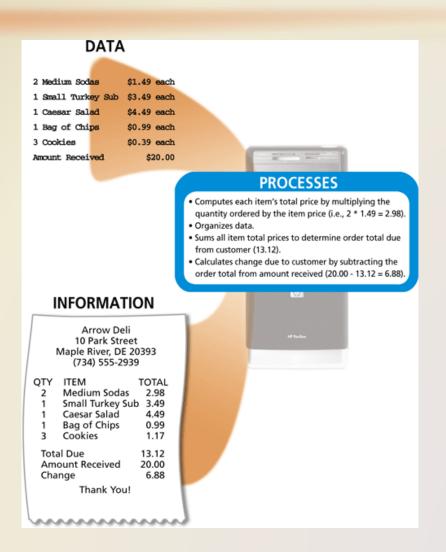
What Is a Computer?

A computer is an electronic device, operating under the control of instructions stored in its own memory, that can accept data, process the data according to specified rules, produce results, and store the results for future use.



Information Processing Cycle

What Is a Computer?



The Components of a Computer

 A computer contains many electric, electronic, and mechanical components known as hardware

Input Device	Allows you to enter data and instructions into a computer		
Output Device	Hardware component that conveys information to one or more people		
System Unit	 Case that contains the electronic components of the computer that are used to process data 		
Storage Device	 Holds data, instructions, and information for future use 		
Communications Device	• Enables a computer to send and receive data, instructions, and information to and from one or more computers or mobile devices		

The Components of a Computer



Advantages and Disadvantages of Using Computers

Advantages of Using Computers

Speed

Reliability

Consistency

Storage

Communications



Health Risks

Violation of Privacy

Public Safety

Impact on Labor Force

Impact on Environment

 A network is a collection of computers and devices connected together, often wirelessly, via communications devices and transmission media



 The Internet is a worldwide collection of networks that connects millions of businesses, government agencies, educational institutions, and individuals



• People use the Internet for a variety of reasons:



Communicate



Research and Access Information



Shop



Bank and Invest



Online Trading



Entertainment

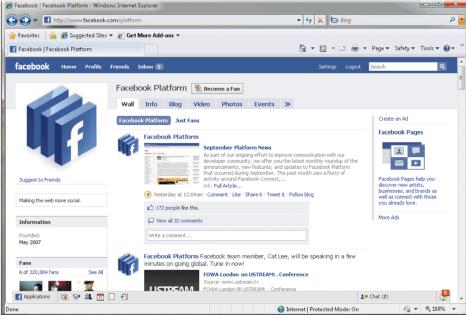
Download Videos

Share Information

Web Application

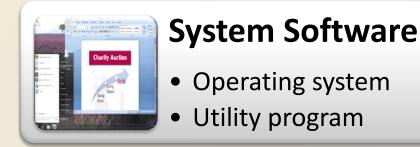
 A social networking Web site encourages members to share their interests, ideas, stories, photos, music, and videos with other registered

users



Computer Software

 Software, also called a program, tells the computer what tasks to perform and how to perform them



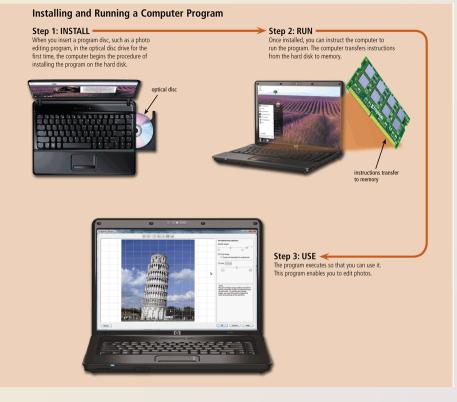


Application Software

Computer Software

 Installing is the process of setting up software to work with the computer, printer, and other

hardware



Computer Software

 A programmer develops software or writes the instructions that direct the computer to process data into information

Public Class frmPayrollInformation						
Private Sub btmCalculatePay_Click(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System. EventArgs) Handles btmCalculatePay.Click "This procedure executes when the user clicks the "Calculate Pay buttos. It calculates regular "and overtime pay and displays it in the window.						
¹ Declars variables Dim stränurskorkad As String Dim stränurskorkad As Declanl Dim decknorskorkad As Declanl Dim decknorskorkad As Declanl Dim decknorskorka As Declanl Dim decknorskorka As Declanl Dim decovertimeFay As Declanl Dim decovertimeFay As Declanl						
¹ Calculate and display payroll information stribursWorked = Ms.txHBoursWorked.Text striburlyRate = Ms.txHBourlyRate.Text decNoursWorked = Convert.ToDecimal(striBoursWorked) decNourlyRate = Convert.ToDecimal(striBourlyRate)						
<pre>If decHoursWorked > 40 Then decRegularPay = 40 * decBourlyNate Me.txtRegularPay.Text = decRegularPay.ToString('C') decOvertimeBours = decRegularPay.ToString('C') decOvertimePay = (1.5 * decOvertimePay.ToString('C') decTotalPay = decRegularPay + decRegularPay + decRegularPay + decRegularPay + decRegularPay.ToString('C') Else decRegularPay = decRegularPay.ToString('C') </pre>						
Me.txtOvertimePay.Text = "\$0.00" Me.txtTotalPay.Text = decRegularPay.ToString("C")						
End If End Sub End Class						
	Payroll Information					
	Employee Name Robert Terrell					
	Hours Worked 42					
	Hourly Rate 18.00					

Calculate Pay

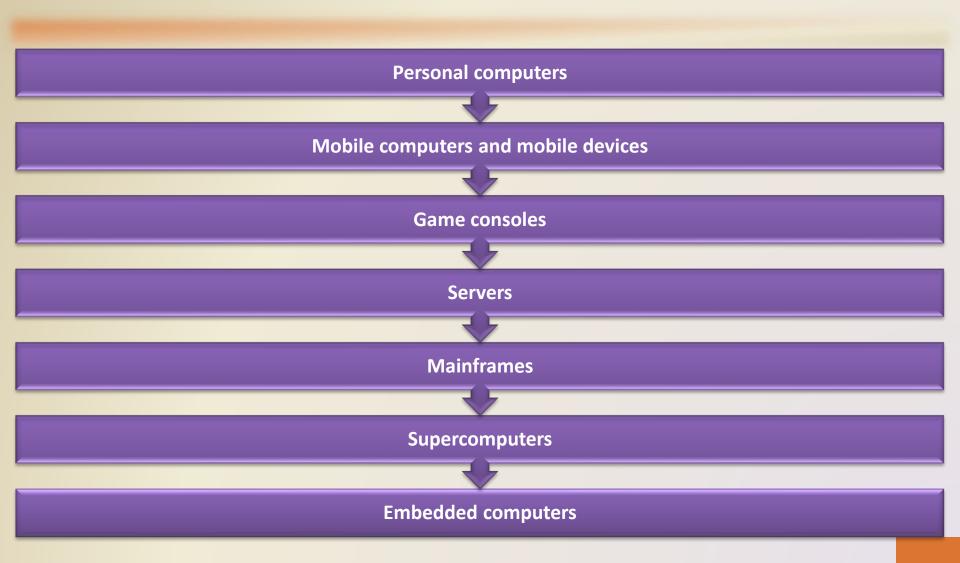
Regular Pay Overtime Pay

Total Pay

\$720.00

\$54.00 \$774.00

Categories of Computers



Personal Computers

- A personal computer can perform all of its input, processing, output, and storage activities by itself
- Two popular architectures are the PC and the Apple
 - Desktop computer





Mobile Computers and Mobile Devices

Mobile Computer

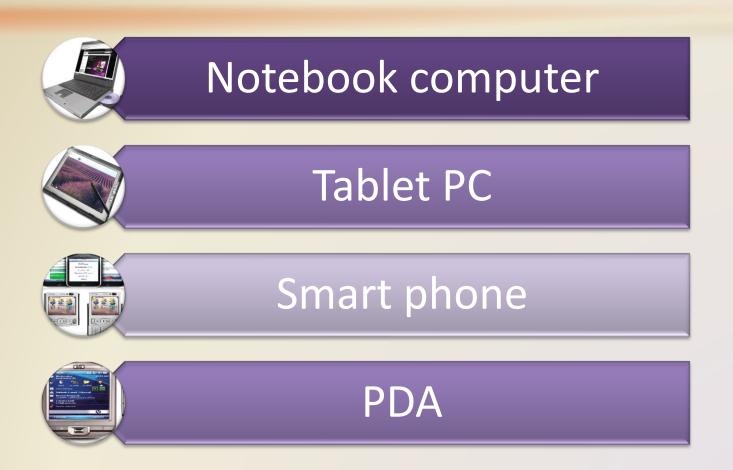
Personal computer you can carry from place to place

Examples include notebook computers, laptop computers, notebooks, ultra-thins, and Tablet PCs Mobile Device

> Computing device small enough to hold in your hand

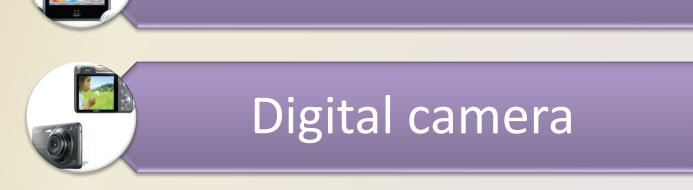
Examples include smart phones, PDAs, handheld computers, portable media players, and digital cameras

Mobile Computers and Mobile Devices



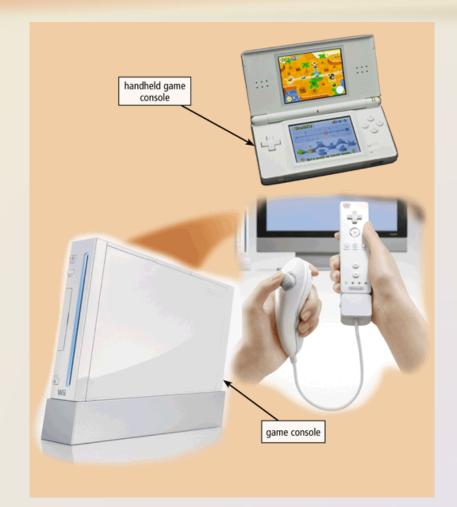
Mobile Computers and Mobile Devices





Game Consoles

 A game console is a mobile computing device designed for single-player or multiplayer video games



Servers

- A server controls access to the hardware, software, and other resources on a network
 - Provides a centralized storage area for programs, data, and information



Mainframes

 A mainframe is a large, expensive, powerful computer that can handle hundreds or thousands of connected users at same time.



Supercomputers

- A supercomputer is the fastest, most powerful computer
 - Fastest supercomputers are capable of processing more than one quadrillion instructions in a single

second

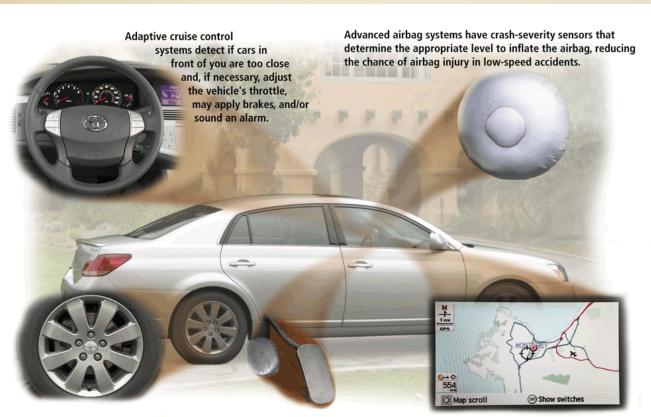


Embedded Computers

 An embedded computer is a special-purpose computer that functions as a component in a larger product

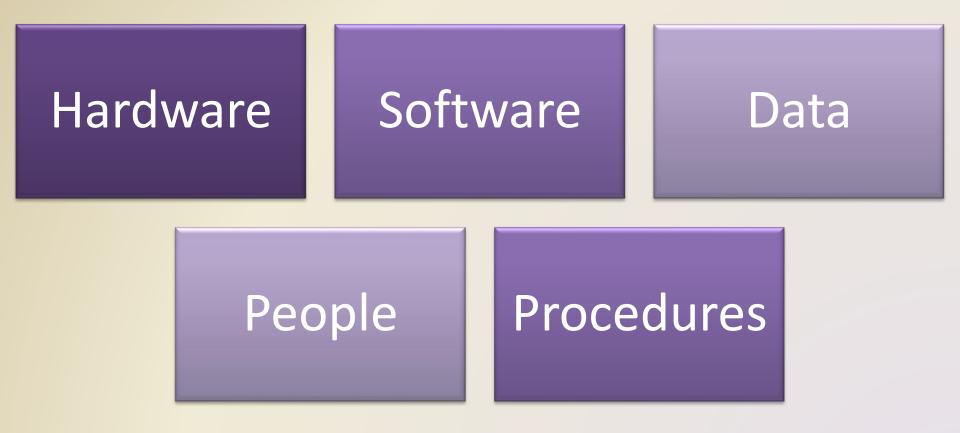
Consumer	Home Automation	Automobiles	Process Controllers	Computer Devices
Electronics	Devices		and Robotics	and Office Machines
 Mobile and digital telephones Digital televisions Cameras Video recorders DVD players and recorders Answering machines 	 Thermostats Sprinkling systems Security monitoring systems Appliances Lights 	 Antilock brakes Engine control modules Airbag controller Cruise control 	 Remote monitoring systems Power monitors Machine controllers Medical devices 	 Keyboards Printers Faxes Copiers

Embedded Computers

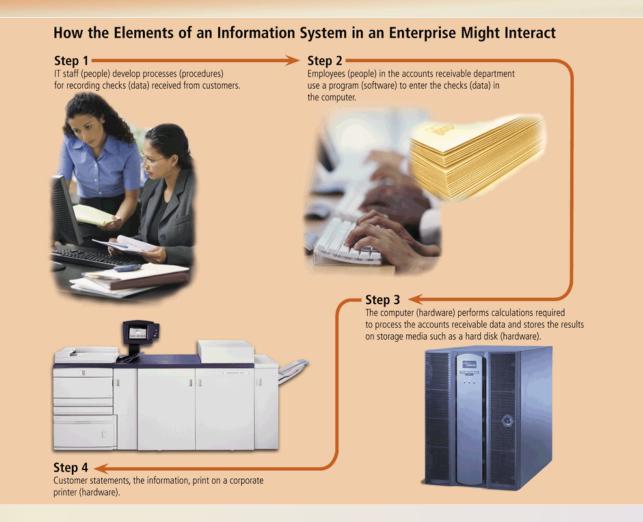


Tire pressure monitoring systems send warning signals if tire pressure is insufficient. Drive-by-wire systems sense pressure on the gas pedal and communicate electronically to the engine how much and how fast to accelerate. Cars equipped with wireless communications capabilities, called *telematics*, include such features as navigation systems, remote diagnosis and alerts, and Internet access.

Elements of an Information System



Elements of an Information System



Examples of Computer Usage







Home User

- Personal financial management
- Web access
- Communications
- Entertainment

Small Office/Home Office User

- Look up information
- Send and receive e-mail messages
- Make telephone calls

Mobile User

- Connect to other computers on a network or the Internet
- Transfer information
- Play video games
- Listen to music
- Watch movies

Examples of Computer Usage





Power User

- Work with multimedia
- Use industry-specific software

Enterprise User

- Communicate among employees
- Process high volumes of transactions
- Blog

Computer Applications in Society



Education













Computer Applications in Society











Summary

Basic computer concepts

Components of a computer

Networks, the Internet, and computer software

Many different categories of computers, computer users, and computer applications in society

THANK YOU ③