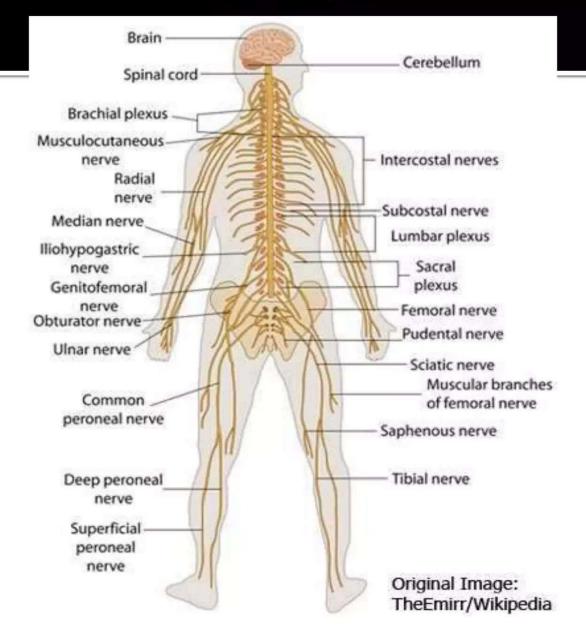


## Nervous system

- is the chief controlling and coordinating system of the body.
- It controls and regulates all voluntary and involuntary activities of human body.
- The nervous system consists of the brain, spinal cord, sensory organs, and all of the nerves that connect these organs with the rest of the body.

#### Nervous System



## Functions of nervous system

### Sensory.

The sensory function of the nervous system involves collecting information from sensory receptors that monitor the body's internal and external conditions.

# Functions of nervous system

### Integration.

The Nervous System process and interprets the sensory sensory input and makes decision about what should be done at each moment.

# Functions of nervous system

#### Motor.

The Nervous System then sends information to muscles, glands, and organs (effectors) so they can respond correctly, such as muscular contraction or glandular secretions.

## Organization

#### Central Nervous System (CNS)

- Consist of the brain and the spinal cord.
- They interpret incoming sensory information and issue instructions based on past experience and current condition.

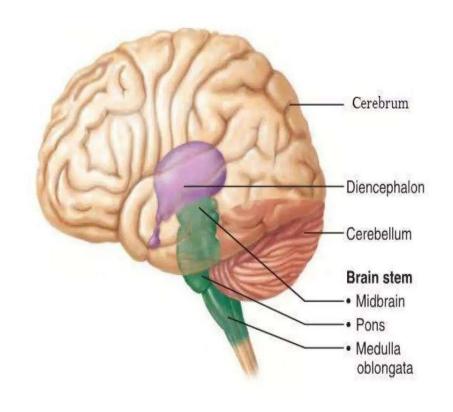
#### Peripheral Nervous System (PNS)

- The peripheral nervous system (PNS) includes all of the parts of the nervous system outside of the brain and spinal cord.
- These parts include all of the cranial and spinal nerves, ganglia, and sensory receptors.

### Central Nervous System (CNS)

#### The Brain

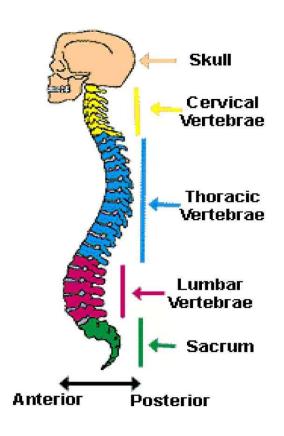
- Central part of nervous system, Controls all body functions.
- Consist of Cerebrum,
  Diencephalon,
  Cerebellum and Brain
  Stem.



### Central Nervous System (CNS)

### The Spinal Cord

Long and thin bundle of nervous tissue extending from lower part of brain, transmits neural signals between brain and rest of the body

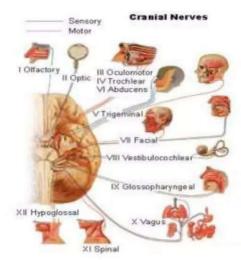


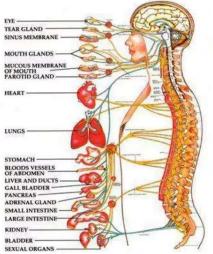
### Peripheral Nervous System (PNS)

#### **Nerves**

A bundle of peripheral axons enclosed by connective tissue. Carries nervous signals from nervous system to body and from body to nervous system.

- Cranial Nerves. Extending from the inferior side of the brain are 12 pairs of cranial nerves.
- Spinal Nerves. Extending from the left and right sides of the spinal cord are 31 pairs of spinal nerves.





## Peripheral Nervous System (PNS)

#### **Division of PNS**

 Autonomic nervous system (ANS) – sends signal to cardiac and smooth muscles and to glands.

#### Two Subsystem of ANS:

**Sympathetic division** - typically functions in actions requiring quick responses.

**Parasympathetic division** - functions with actions that do not require immediate reaction.

 Somatic Nervous System – send signal to skeletal muscles

# Organization of Nervous System

