

Example (3): Find the complete solution of the differential equation:

$$(D^4 + 3D^3 + 3D^2 + D)y = 2x + 8$$

Solve:

$$m^4 + 3m^3 + 3m^2 + m = 0$$

$$m(m^3 + 3m^2 + 3m + 1) = 0$$

$$m_1 = 0$$

$$m^3 + 3m^2 + 3m + 1 = 0$$

by try and error get to:

$$\text{let } m = -1 \rightarrow -1 + 3 - 3 + 1 = 0 \quad \therefore \text{ok}$$

$$(m+1)(m^2 + 2m + 1) = 0$$

$$(m+1)(m+1)(m+1) = 0$$

$$m_{2,3,4} = -1$$

$$y_c = c_1 e^0 + c_2 e^{-x} + c_3 x e^{-x} + c_4 x^2 e^{-x}$$

$$\text{Let } Y = Ax^2 + Bx$$

$$\dot{Y} = 2Ax + B$$

$$\ddot{Y} = 2A, \quad \dddot{Y} = 0, \quad \ddot{\dot{Y}} = 0$$

$$6A + 2Ax + B = 2x + 8 \quad \rightarrow$$

$$2A = 2 \quad \rightarrow \quad A = 1$$

$$6A + B = 8 \quad \rightarrow \quad B = 2$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 & m^2 + 2m + 1 \\
 \hline
 m + 1 & \boxed{m^3 + 3m^2 + 3m + 1} \\
 & m^3 + m^2 \\
 \hline
 & 2m^2 + 3m + 1 \\
 & 2m^2 + 2m \\
 \hline
 & m + 1 \\
 & m + 1 \\
 \hline
 & 0
 \end{array}$$

$$Y = x^2 + 2x$$

$$y = y_c + Y$$

∴ The complete solution: $y = c_1 e^0 + c_2 e^{-x} + c_3 x e^{-x} + c_4 x^2 e^{-x} + x^2 + 2x$

Example (4): Find the general solution of the differential equation:

$$(D^4 - 16)y = 0$$

Solve:

$$m^4 - 16 = 0$$

$$(m^2 - 4)(m^2 + 4) = 0 \rightarrow$$

$$m^2 - 4 = 0 \rightarrow m^2 = 4 \rightarrow m_{1,2} = \pm 2 \quad m_1 \neq m_2$$

$$m^2 + 4 = 0 \rightarrow m^2 = -4 \rightarrow m_{3,4} = \pm 2i \quad m_3, m_4 \text{ Imaginary}$$

$$y_c = c_1 e^{m_1 x} + c_2 e^{m_2 x} + e^{Px} (c_3 \cos qx + c_4 \sin qx)$$

$$y_c = c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 e^{-2x} + c_3 \cos 2x + c_4 \sin 2x$$

Example (5): Find the general solution of the differential equation:

$$(D^8 - 2D^4 + 1)y = 0$$

Solve:

$$m^8 - 2m^4 + 1 = 0$$

$$(m^4 - 1)(m^4 + 1) = 0 \rightarrow$$

$$(m^2 - 1)(m^2 + 1)(m^2 - 1)(m^2 + 1) = 0$$

$$(m - 1)(m + 1)(m^2 + 1)(m - 1)(m + 1)(m^2 + 1) = 0$$

$$m - 1 = 0 \rightarrow m_1 = 1$$

$$m + 1 = 0 \rightarrow m_2 = -1$$

$$m^2 + 1 = 0 \rightarrow m^2 = -1 \rightarrow m_{3,4} = \pm i$$

$$m - 1 = 0 \rightarrow m_5 = 1$$

$$m + 1 = 0 \rightarrow m_6 = -1$$

$$m^2 + 1 = 0 \rightarrow m^2 = -1 \rightarrow m_{7,8} = \pm i$$

$$m_1 = m_5 = 1$$

$$m_2 = m_6 = -1$$

$$m_{3,4} = m_{7,8} = \pm i$$

$$y_c = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x} + c_3 \cos x + c_4 \sin x + c_5 x e^x + c_6 x e^{-x} + c_7 x \cos x + c_8 x \sin x$$