

كلية العلـــوم قــســــم علوم الذكاء الاصطناعي

المحاضرة السادسة

المادة: Knowledge representation

المرحلة : الأولى

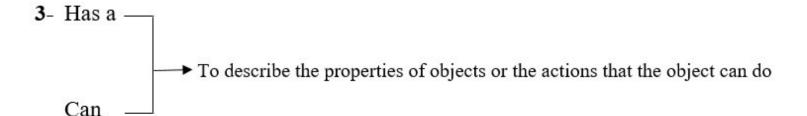
اسم الاستاذ: م.م. عبدالله فاضل شبر

3- Semantic Network

 The semantic network consists of a set of nodes and arrows; each node is represented as a rectangle to describe the objects, concepts and the events. The arrows are used to connect the nodes, these arrows are divided into three types:-



2- Is → To define the object or describe it

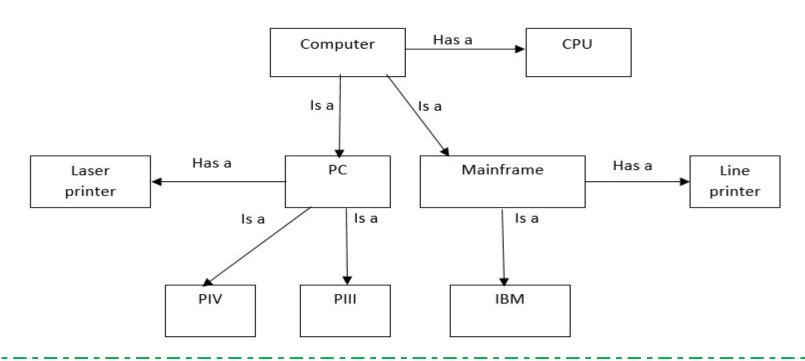


لتمثيل الأفعال والأحداث والكائنات

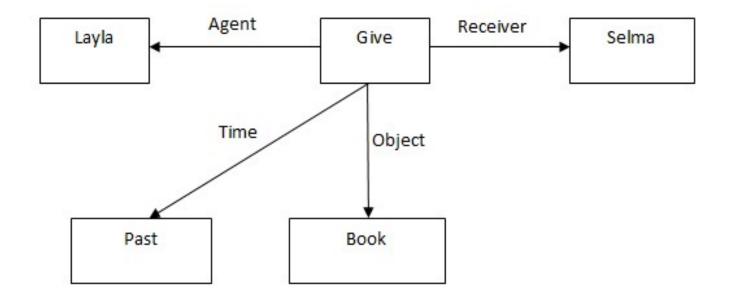
→ لتمثيل العلاقة بين الكائنات
→ التمثيل العلاقة بين العلاقة بين الكائنات
→ التمثيل العلاقة بين العلاقة بين

في وصف اللغات الطبيعية فان arrows تخرج من الفعل لتوضح او لتشير الى الفاعل (object) كما تشير الى الفاعل (agent) والكائن (agent) كما تشير الى وقت حدوث الفعل أي في الماضي , الحاضر او المستقبل.

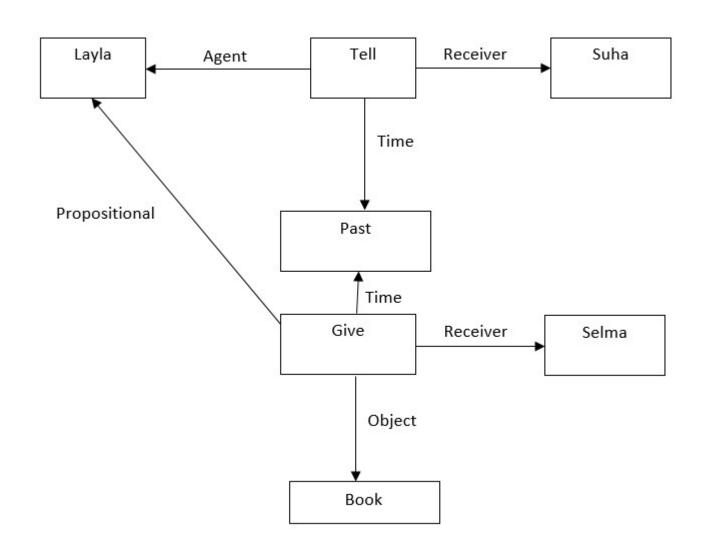
Example 1: Computer has many parts like a CPU and the computer divided into two types, the first one is the mainframe and the second is the personal computer. Mainframe has a line printer with large sheet but the personal computer has a laser printer. IBM as example to the mainframe but PIII and PIV as examples to the personal computer.



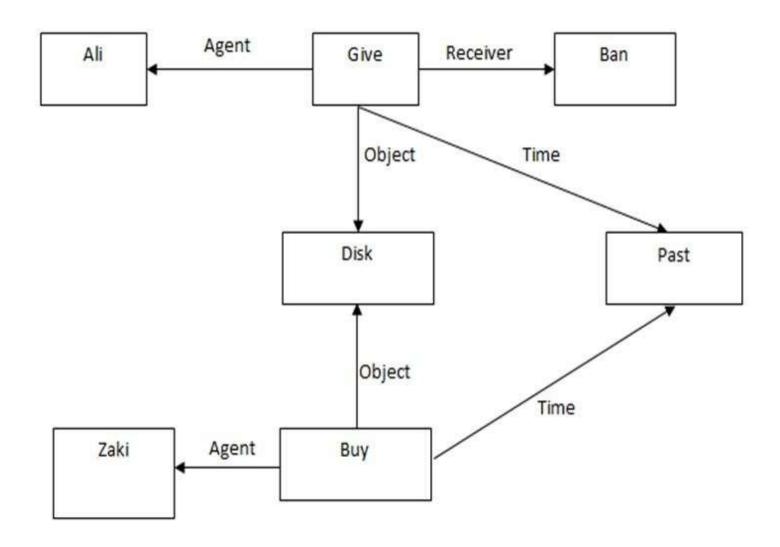
Example 2: Layla gave Selma a book



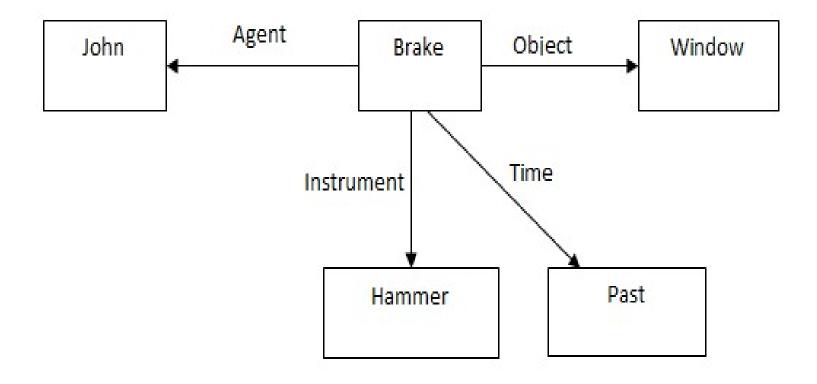
Example 3: Layla told Suha that she gave Selma a book



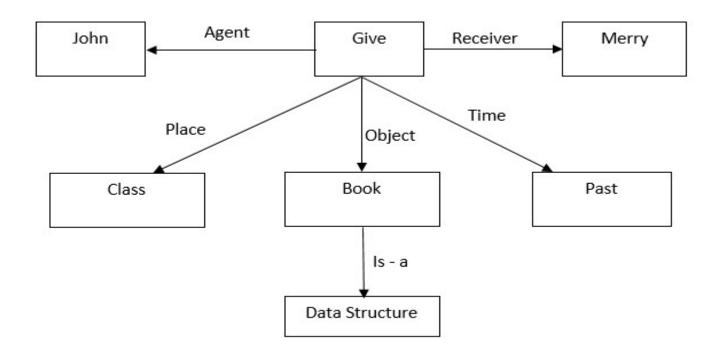
Example 4: Ali gave Ban a disk which is Zaki bought



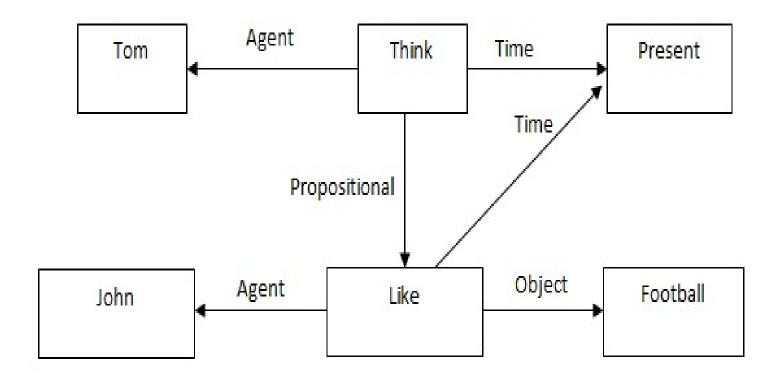
Example 5: John broke the window with the hammer



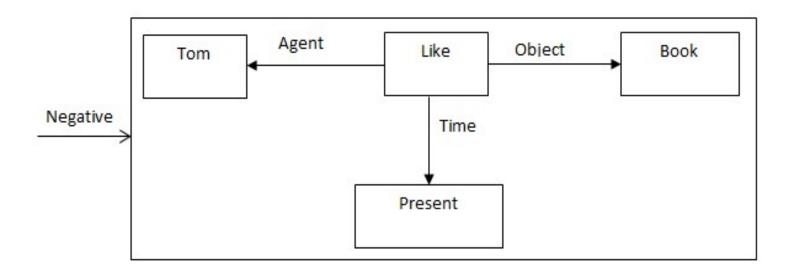
Example 6: John gave merry a book of data structure in the class.



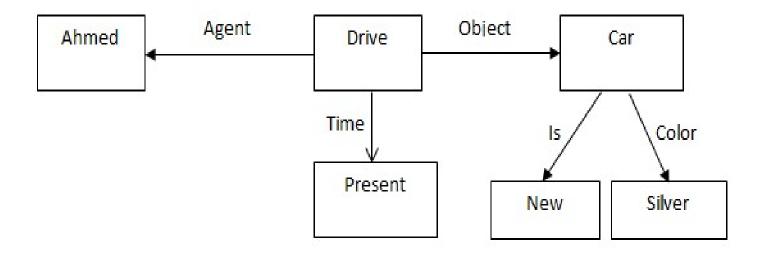
Example 7: Tom thinks that John likes football.



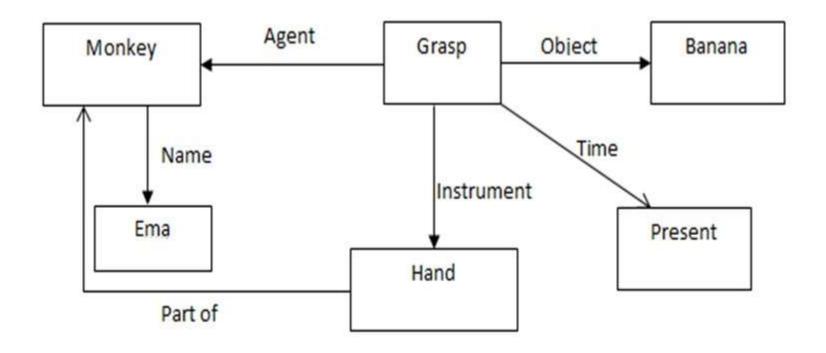
Example 8: Tom doesn't like a book.



Example 9: Ahmed drives a new silver car.



Example 10: Monkey Ema grasps the banana with hand



Example 11: The CD is between book and magazine.

