

Mathematic II

## **6. Integral of vector function and distance along the curve:-**

### **Integral of vector function**

let If  $\mathbf{F}(t) = f(t)\mathbf{i} + g(t)\mathbf{j} + h(t)\mathbf{k}$  then

$$\int_a^b \mathbf{F}(t) dt = \int_a^b f(t)\mathbf{i} + \int_a^b g(t)\mathbf{j} + \int_a^b h(t)\mathbf{k}$$

Example : Find  $\int_0^\pi (\cos t \mathbf{i} + \sin t \mathbf{j} + tk) dt$

Solution//

$$\int_0^\pi \cos t \mathbf{i} dt + \int_0^\pi \sin t \mathbf{j} dt + \int_0^\pi tk dt = \mathbf{0i} + 2\mathbf{j} + \frac{\pi^2}{2}\mathbf{k}$$

H.W. find  $\int_0^1 (t^3 \mathbf{i} + 7\mathbf{j} + (t+1)\mathbf{k}) dt$

### **Distance along the curve.**

$$\text{Length of curve} = \int_a^b |\mathbf{V}| dt$$

$$= \int_a^b \sqrt{\left(\frac{dx}{dt}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dy}{dt}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dz}{dt}\right)^2} dt$$

**Example: Find the length of curve of one turn of the  
 $r = (\cos t \mathbf{i} + \sin t \mathbf{j} + tk)$ .**

**solution//**

$$\text{Length of curve} = \int_a^b |V| dt$$

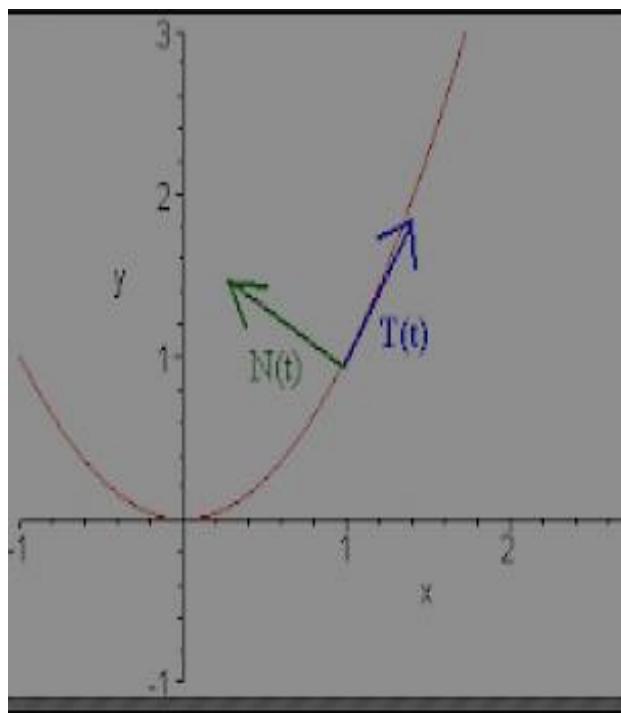
$$V = -\sin t \mathbf{i} + \cos t \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$$

$$|V| = \sqrt{(-\sin t)^2 + (\cos t)^2 + (1)^2} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\text{Length of curve} = \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{2} dt = 2\pi\sqrt{2}$$

## **7. Unit tangent and normal vector for curve.**

### **The Unit Tangent vector**



$$\mathbf{S}(t) = \int |V| dt$$

$$ds(t) = |V| dt \div dt$$

$$\frac{ds(t)}{dt} = |V|$$

$$\frac{dt}{ds} = \frac{1}{|V|}$$

$$\frac{d\mathbf{r}}{ds} = \frac{dr}{dt} \cdot \frac{dt}{ds}$$

$$\mathbf{T} = \frac{\mathbf{v}}{|V|} = \frac{\frac{dr}{dt}}{\left|\frac{dr}{dt}\right|}$$

**Example: Find unit tangent vector of the curve**

$$\mathbf{r} = (\cos t \mathbf{i} + \sin t \mathbf{j})$$

**Solution//**

$$\mathbf{V} = \frac{dr}{dt} = -\sin t \mathbf{i} + \cos t \mathbf{j}$$

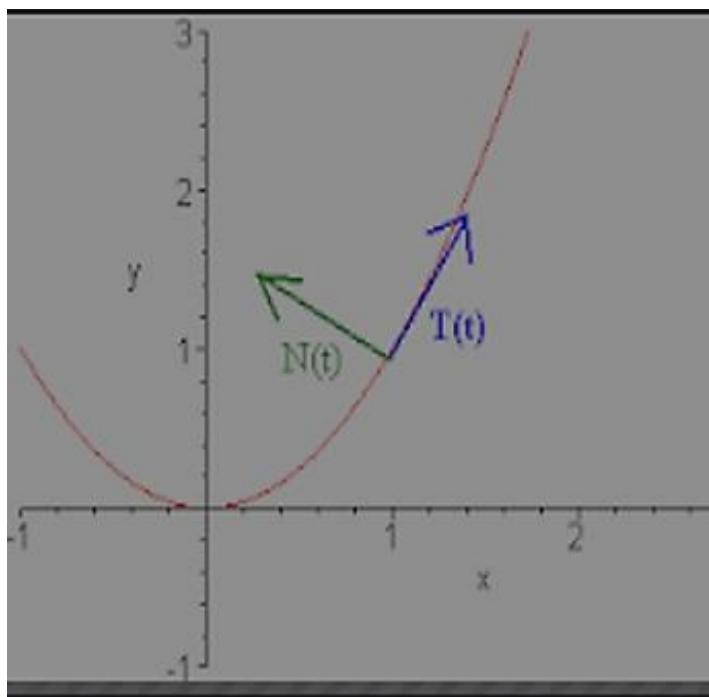
$$|V| = \sqrt{(\sin t)^2 + (\cos t)^2} = 1$$

$$\mathbf{T} = \frac{\mathbf{v}}{|V|} = -\sin t \mathbf{i} + \cos t \mathbf{j}$$

**H.W. Find unit tangent vector of the curve**

$$\mathbf{r} = (2+t)\mathbf{i} - (t+1)\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$$

## The Unit Normal vector in plane.



$$\mathbf{N} = \frac{\frac{d\mathbf{T}}{dt}}{\left| \frac{d\mathbf{T}}{dt} \right|}$$

Example: Find the tangent and normal vector for curve

$$\mathbf{r} = (\cos 2t \mathbf{i} + \sin 2t \mathbf{j})$$

**Solution//**

$$\mathbf{V} = \frac{d\mathbf{r}}{dt} = -2\sin 2t \mathbf{i} + 2\cos 2t \mathbf{j}$$

$$|\mathbf{V}| = \sqrt{(2\sin 2t)^2 + (2\cos 2t)^2} = 2$$

$$\mathbf{T} = \frac{\mathbf{V}}{|\mathbf{V}|} = -\sin 2t \mathbf{i} + \cos 2t \mathbf{j}$$

$$\frac{dT}{dt} = -2\cos 2t \mathbf{i} - 2\sin 2t \mathbf{j}$$

$$\left| \frac{dT}{dt} \right| = 2$$

$$\mathbf{N} = \frac{\frac{dT}{dt}}{\left| \frac{dT}{dt} \right|} = -\cos 2t \mathbf{i} - \sin 2t \mathbf{j}$$

**Example:** Find the tangent and normal vector for curve

$$\mathbf{r} = (a \cos t^2 \mathbf{i} + a \sin t^2 \mathbf{j} + bt^2 \mathbf{k})$$

**Solution//**

$$\mathbf{V} = \frac{d\mathbf{r}}{dt} = -2at \sin t^2 \mathbf{i} + 2at \cos t^2 \mathbf{j} + 2bt \mathbf{k}$$

$$|V| = 2t\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{T} = \frac{\mathbf{V}}{|V|} &= \frac{-a \sin t^2 \mathbf{i}}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{a \cos t^2 \mathbf{j}}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{b \mathbf{k}}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \\ &= \frac{-2at \sin t^2 \mathbf{i} + 2at \cos t^2 \mathbf{j} + 2bt \mathbf{k}}{2t\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dT}{dt} = \frac{-2at \cos t^2 \mathbf{i}}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{2at \sin t^2 \mathbf{j}}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} + 0\mathbf{k}$$

$$\left| \frac{dT}{dt} \right| = \frac{2at}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$$

$$\mathbf{N} = \frac{\frac{dT}{dt}}{\left| \frac{dT}{dt} \right|} = -\cos t^2 \mathbf{i} - \sin t^2 \mathbf{j}$$