
GRAPHICAL METHOD

Limitation of Graphical Method

Graphical solution is limited to linear programming models containing only two decision variables.

Procedure

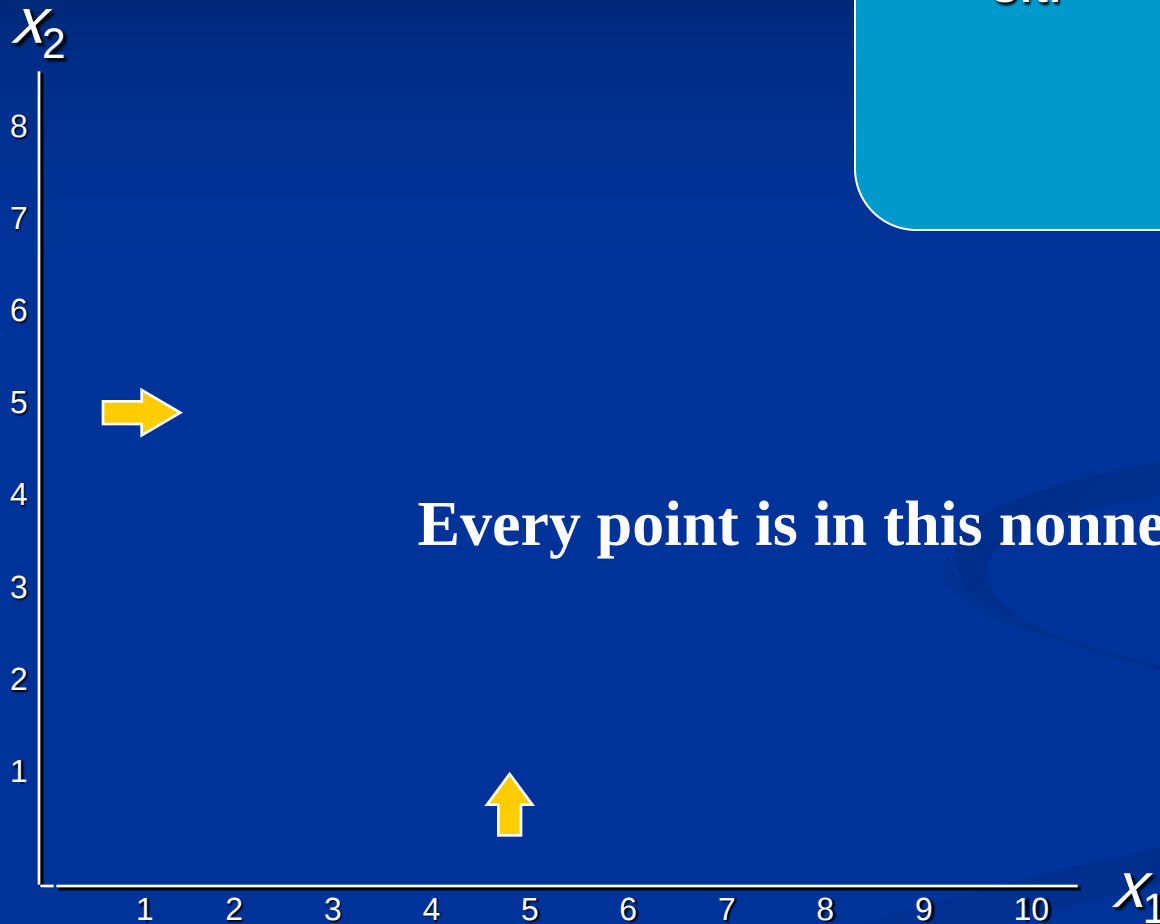
- Step I: Convert each inequality as equation
- Step II: Plot each equation on the graph
- Step III: Shade the ‘Feasible Region’. Highlight the common Feasible region.
 - Feasible Region: Set of all possible solutions.
- Step IV: Compute the coordinates of the corner points (of the feasible region). These corner points will represent the ‘Feasible Solution’.
 - Feasible Solution: If it satisfies all the constraints and non negativity restrictions.

Procedure (Cont...)

- Step V: Substitute the coordinates of the corner points into the objective function to see which gives the **Optimal Value**. That will be the **‘Optimal Solution’**.
 - ❑ **Optimal Solution**: If it optimizes (maximizes or minimizes) the objective function.
 - ❑ **Unbounded Solution**: If the value of the objective function can be increased or decreased indefinitely, Such solutions are called Unbounded solution.
 - ❑ **Infeasible (Inconsistent) Solution**: It means the solution of problem does not exist. This is possible when there is no common feasible region.

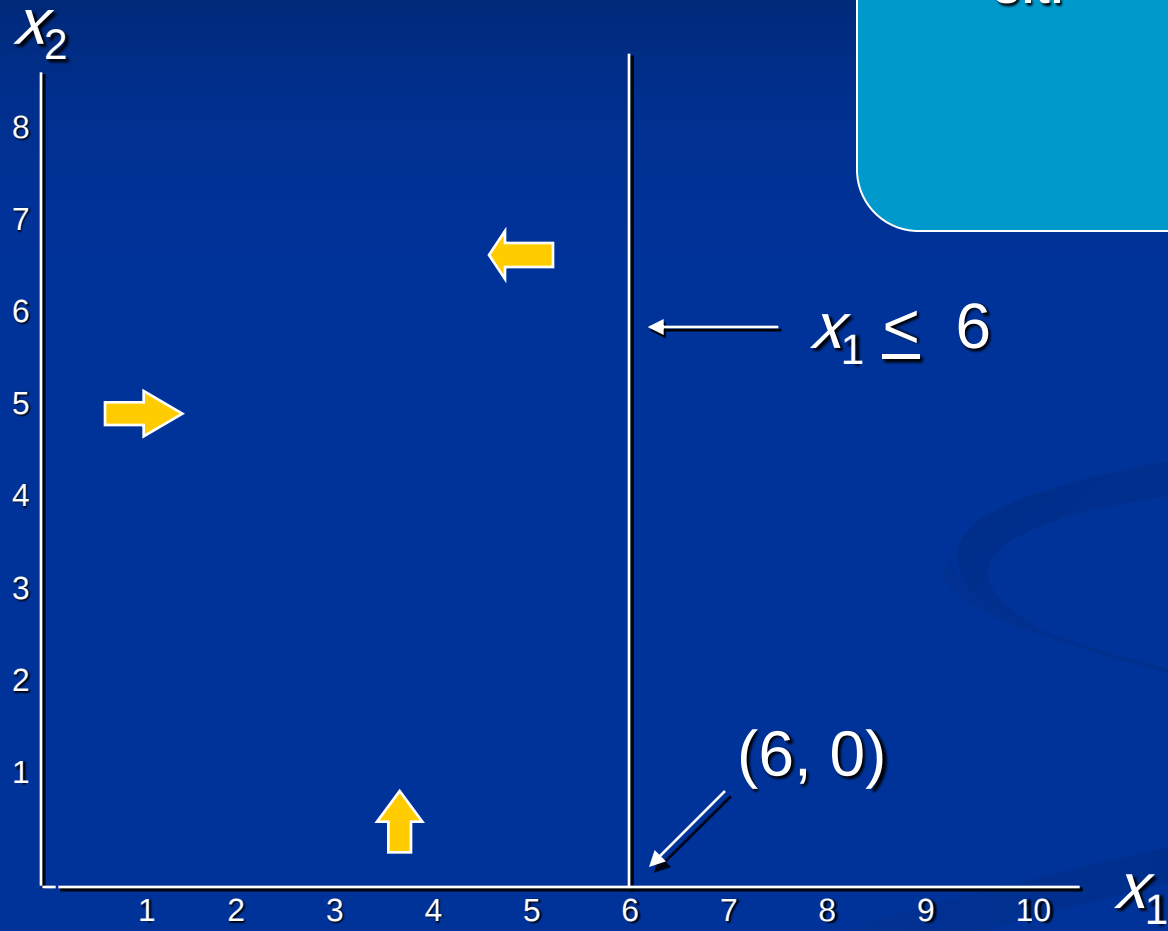
Example

$$\begin{array}{ll}\text{Max} & z = 5x_1 + 7x_2 \\ \text{s.t.} & x_1 \leq 6 \\ & 2x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 19 \\ & x_1 + x_2 \leq 8 \\ & x_1, x_2 \geq 0\end{array}$$



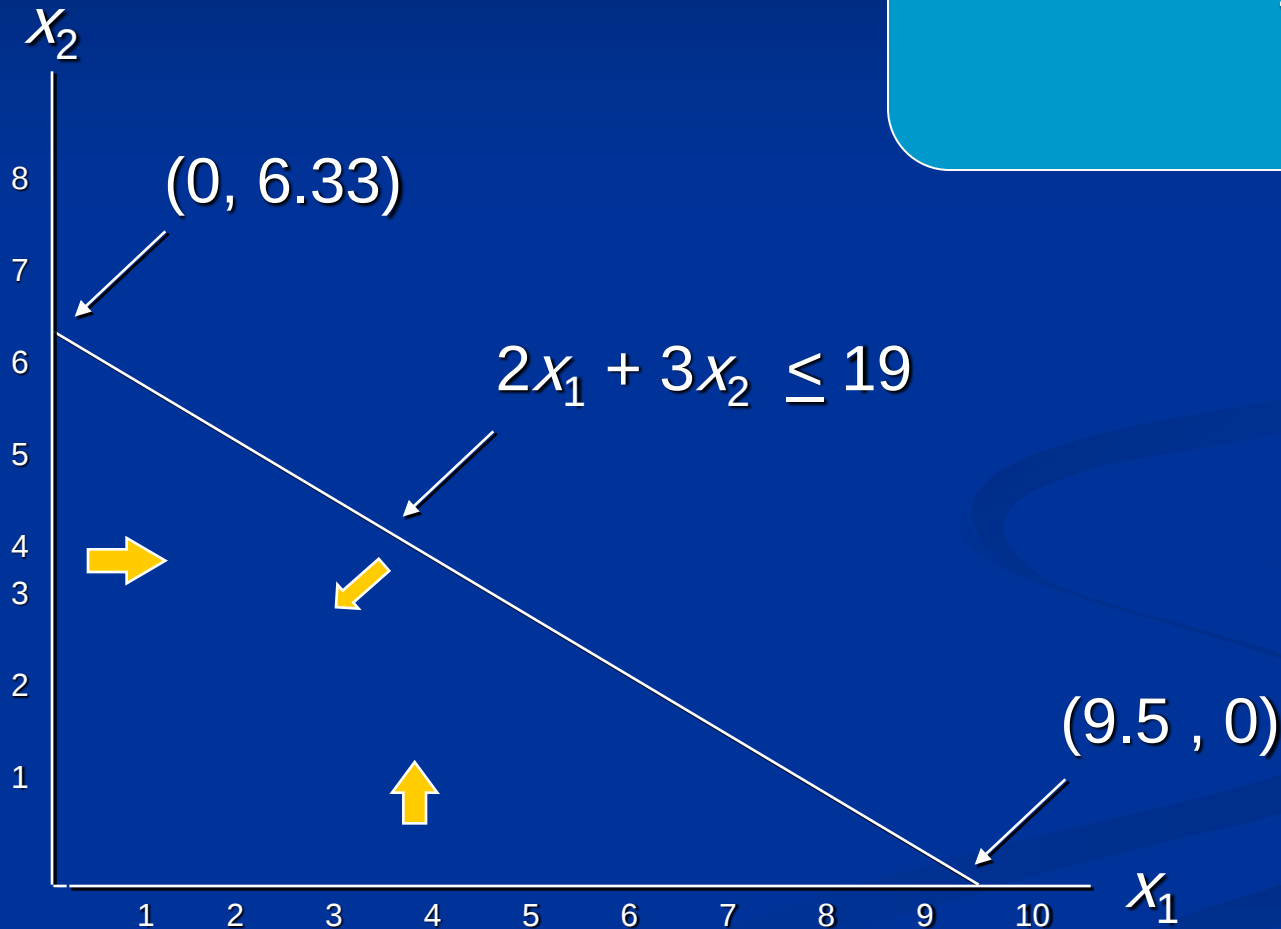
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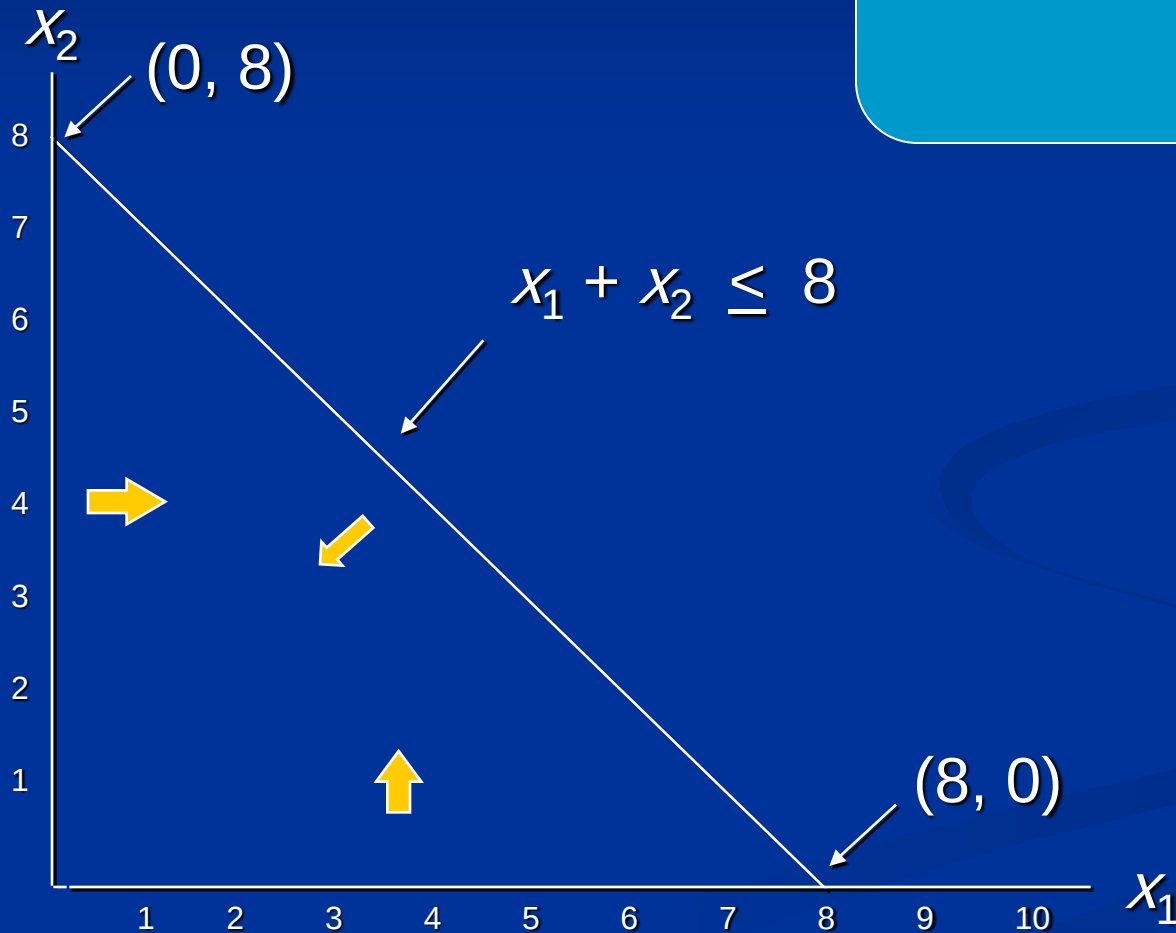
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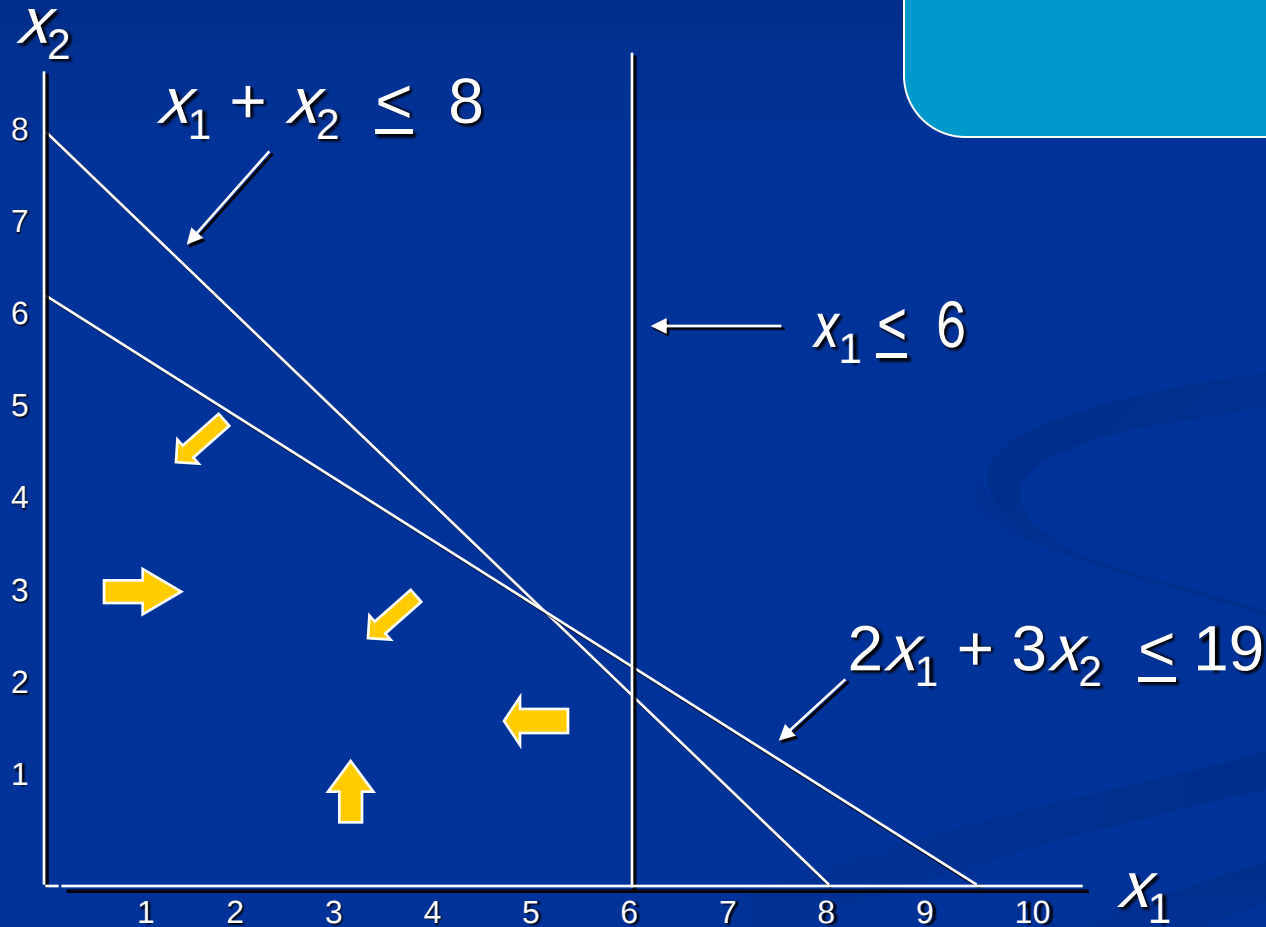
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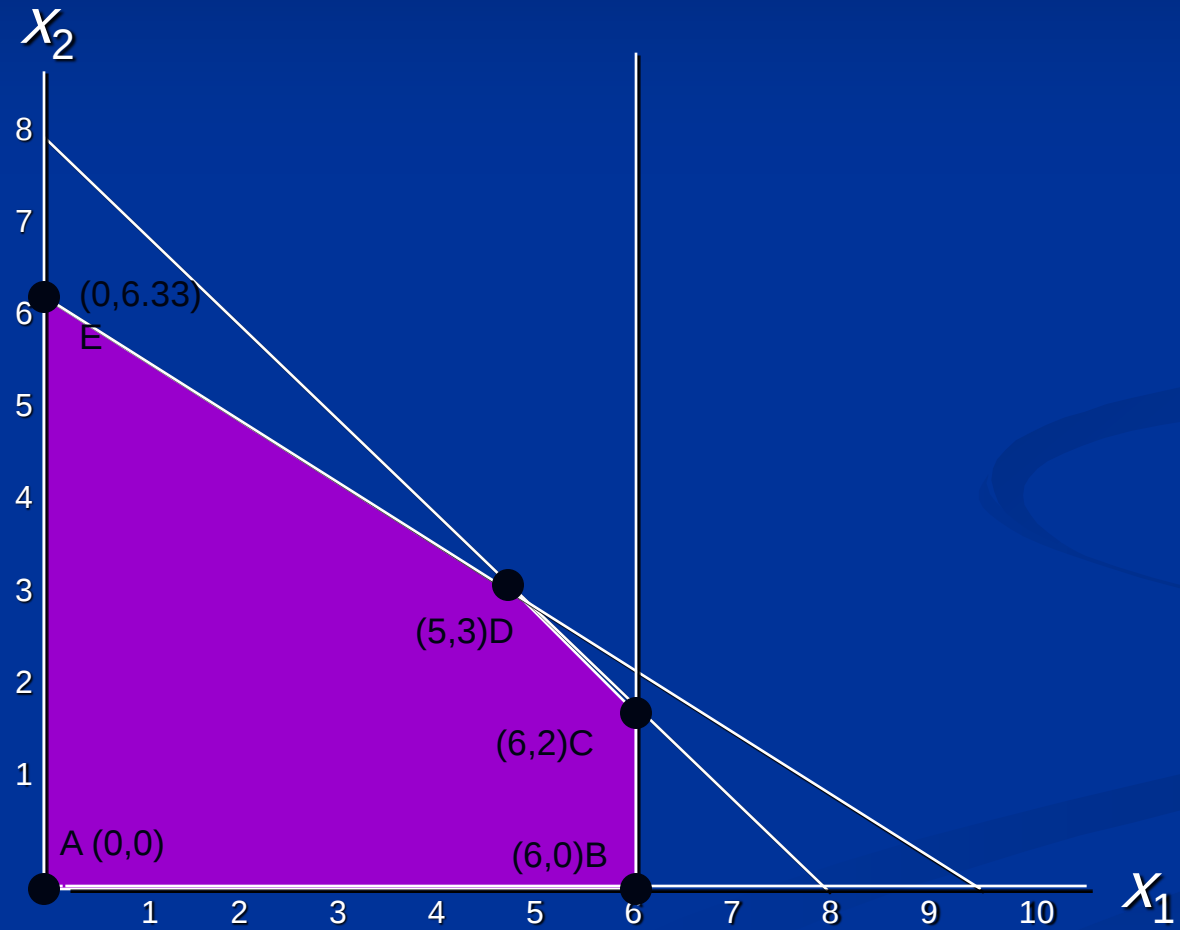


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Example (Cont...)



Example (Cont...)

Objective Function : Max $Z = 5x_1 + 7x_2$

Corner Points

Value of Z

A – (0,0)

0

B – (6,0)

30

C – (6,2)

44

D – (5,3)

46

E – (0,6.33)

44.33

Optimal Point : (5,3)

Optimal Value : 46

Example

$$\text{Max } Z = 3 P_1 + 5 P_2$$

$$\text{s.t. } P_1 \leq 4$$

$$P_2 \leq 6$$

$$3 P_1 + 2 P_2 \leq 18$$

$$P_1, P_2 \geq 0$$

Example

$$\text{Max } Z = 3 P_1 + 5 P_2$$

$$\text{s.t. } P_1 \leq 4$$

$$P_2 \leq 6$$

$$3 P_1 + 2 P_2 \leq 18$$

$$P_1, P_2 \geq 0$$

P_2



Every point is in this nonnegative quadrant



0

P_1

Example (Cont...)

$$\text{Max } Z = 3 P_1 + 5 P_2$$

$$\text{s.t. } P_1 \leq 4$$

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$$P_1, P_2 \geq 0$$

P_2



$(0,0)$

$(4,0)$

P_1

Example (Cont...)

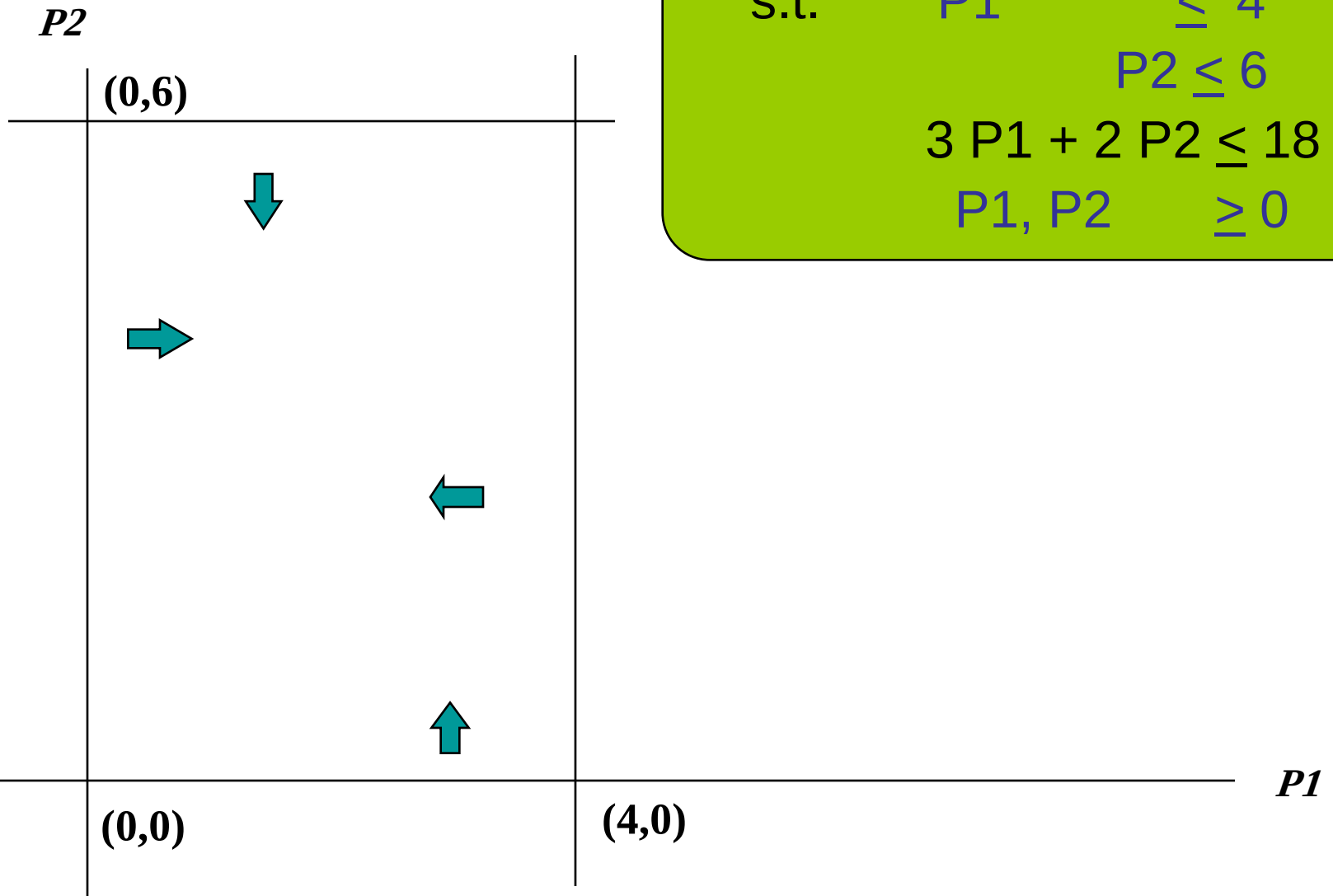
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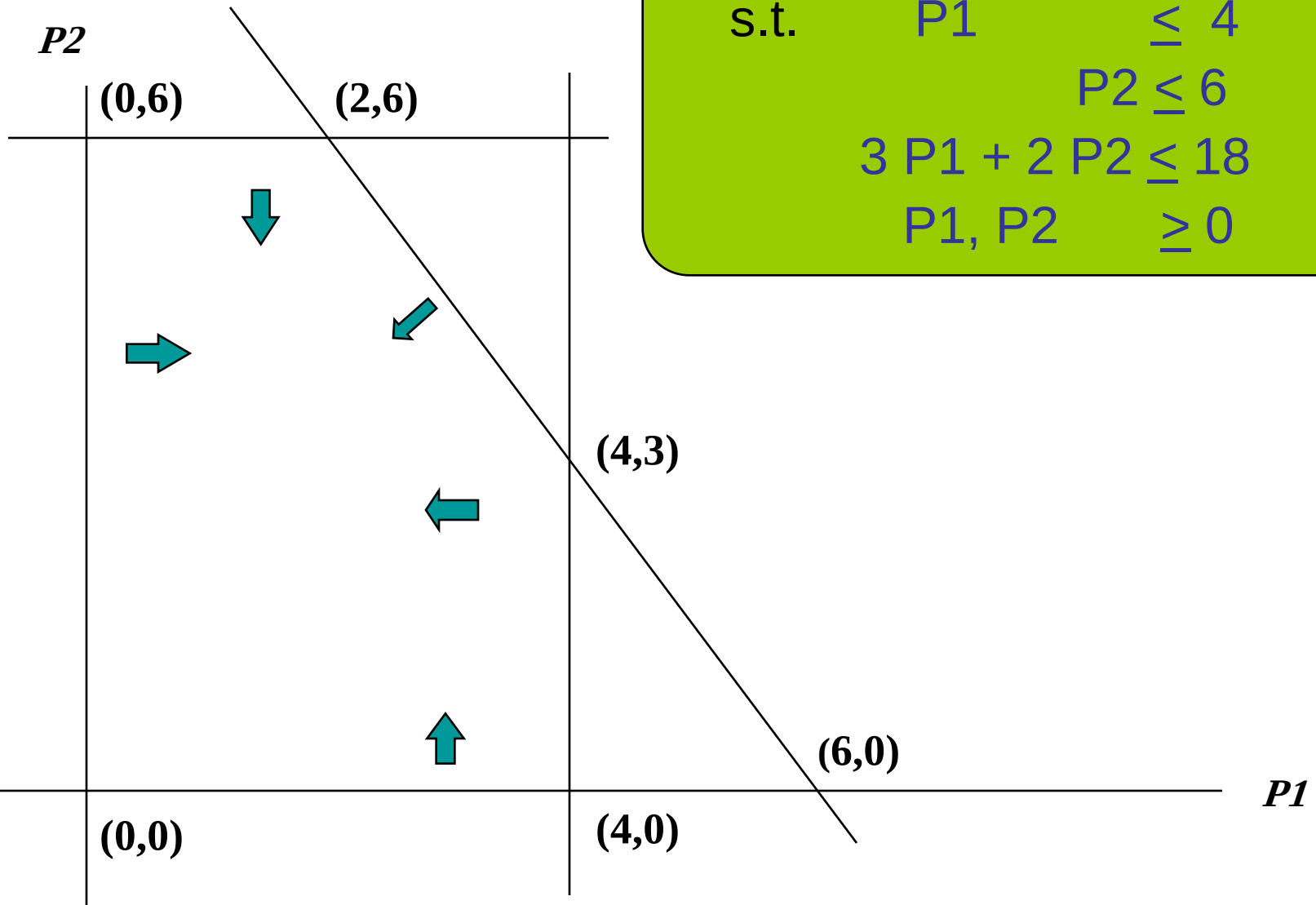
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$$\text{s.t. } P_1 \leq 4$$

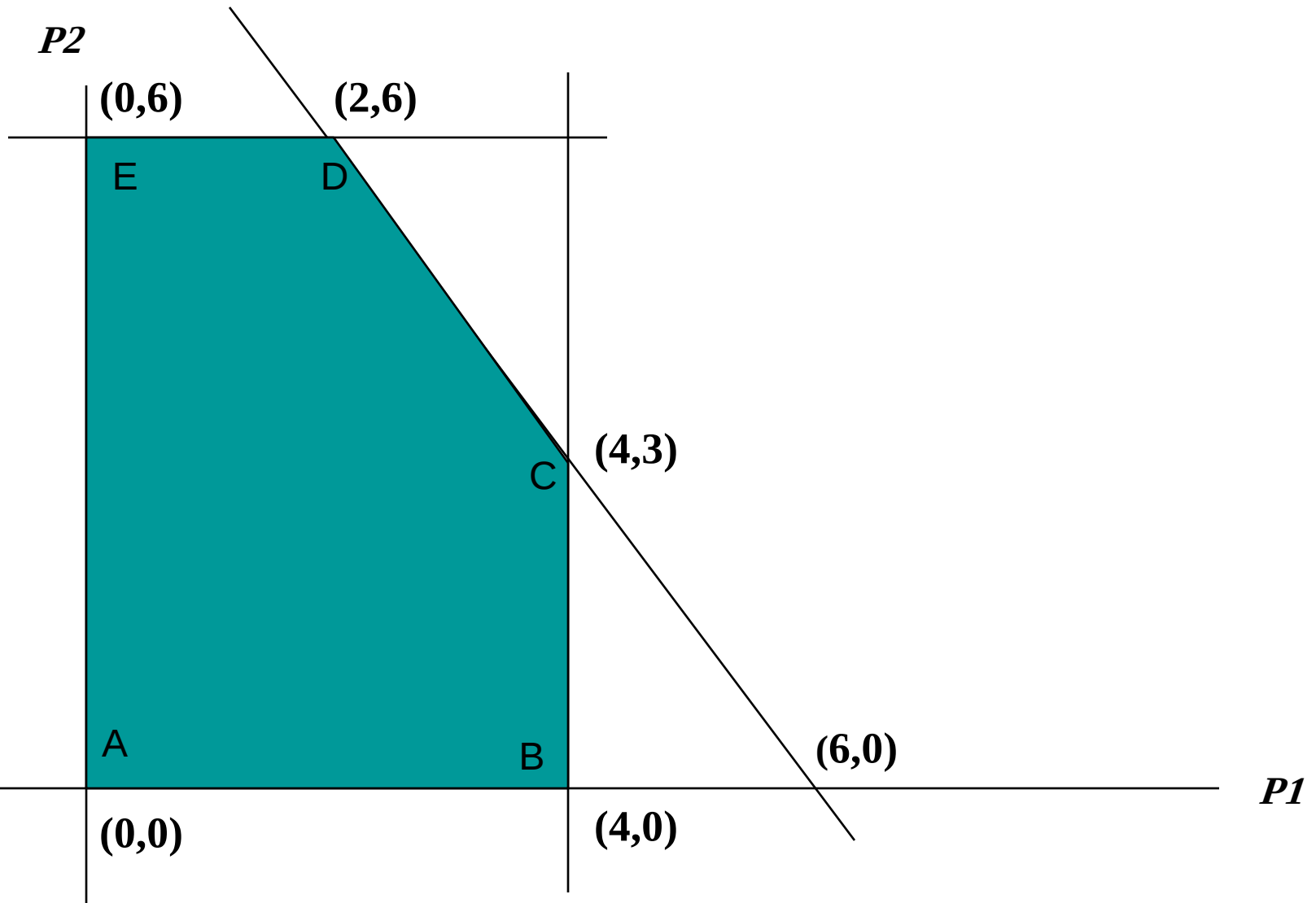
$$P_2 \leq 6$$

$$3 P_1 + 2 P_2 \leq 18$$

$$P_1, P_2 \geq 0$$



Example (Cont...)



Example (Cont...)

Objective Function : $\text{Max } Z = 3 P_1 + 5 P_2$

Corner Points	Value of Z
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A – (0,0)	0
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B – (4,0)	12
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C – (4,3)	27
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D – (2,6)	36
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E – (0,6)	30
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Optimal Point : (2,6)

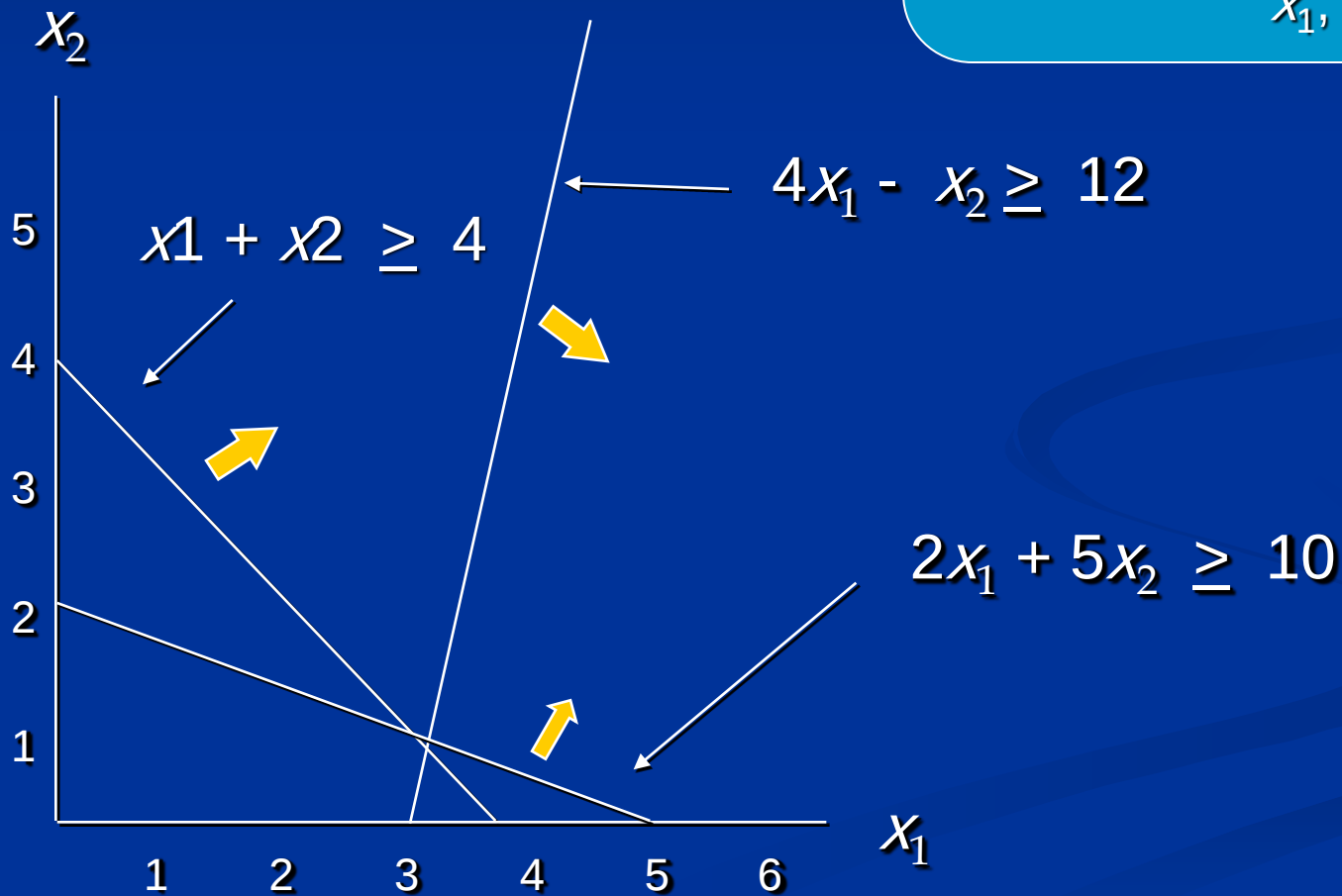
Optimal Value : 36

Example

$$\begin{array}{ll}\text{Min} & z = 5x_1 + 2x_2 \\ \text{s.t.} & 2x_1 + 5x_2 \geq 10 \\ & 4x_1 - x_2 \geq 12 \\ & x_1 + x_2 \geq 4 \\ & x_1, x_2 \geq 0\end{array}$$

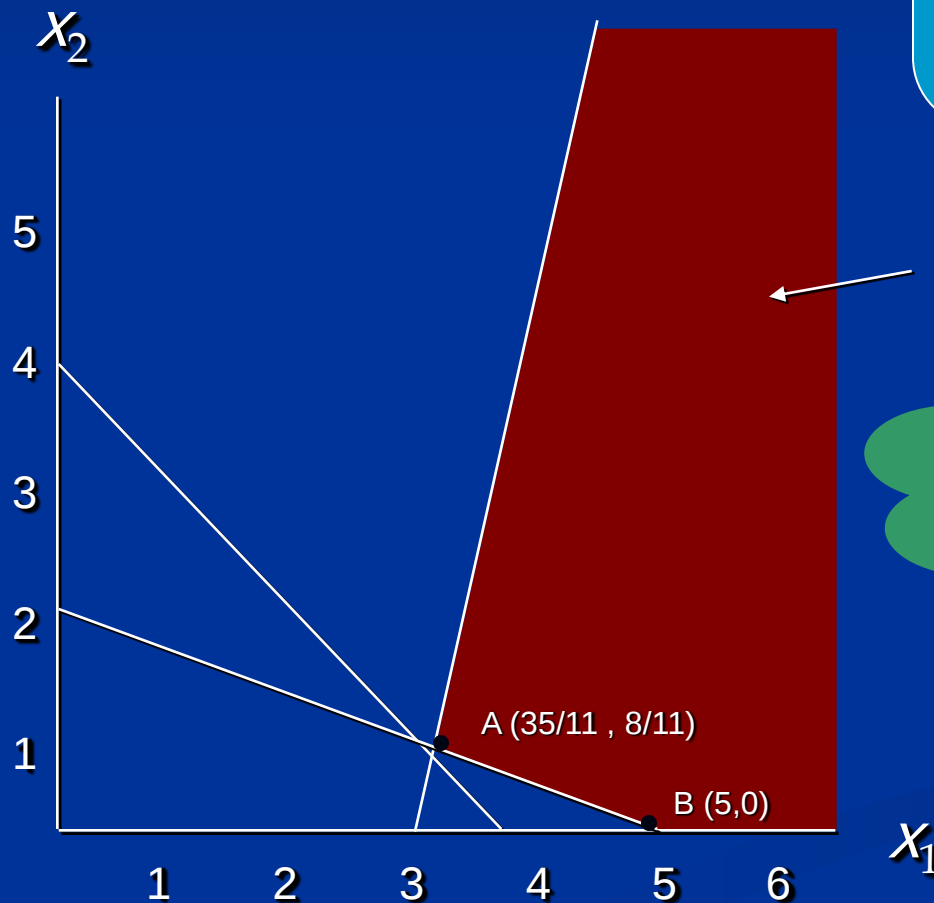
Example

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Example (Cont...)

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Feasible Region

This is the case of
'Unbounded Feasible Region'.

Q1: - by using the (Graphical method) find the optimum solution of X 1, X2.

Max $Z=6X_1+4X_2$ Sub in to

$$X_1+3X_2 \leq 2$$

$$4X_1+2X_2 \leq 5$$

$$X_1, X_2 \geq 0$$

Solution: -

1- In Eq. $X_1+3X_2=2$
 at $X_1=0 \rightarrow X_2=0.667$ (0,0.667)
 at $X_2=0 \rightarrow X_1=2$ (2,0)

2- In Eq. $4X_1+X_2=5$
 at $X_1=0 \rightarrow X_2=2.5$ (0,2.5)
 at $X_2=0 \rightarrow X_1=1.25$ (1.25,0)

to find point D

$$\begin{array}{rcl} (X_1+3X_2=2)*4 & & (1) \\ 4X_1+2X_2=5 & & (2) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} +4X_1+12X_2 & = & 8 \\ -4X_1-2X_2 & = & -5 \end{array}$$

$X_2=0.3 \rightarrow$ sub in any eq 1 or 2 $X_1=1.1$ D=(1.1,0.3)

point **X_1** **X_2** **$Z=6X_1+4X_2$**

A 0 0 **$Z=0$**

B 0 0.667 **$Z=2.668$**

C 1.25 0 **$Z=7.5$**

D 1.1 0.3 **$Z=7.8$** **optimum solution in point D**

