



جامعة المستقبل
AL MUSTAQBAL UNIVERSITY

كلية العلوم
قسم الادلة الجنائية

Lecture (3)

Examples on Limit in Complex Functions

المادة : Complex Analysis

المرحلة : الثانية

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Al-Mustaqbal University
College of Science
Forensic Evidence Department
Second Stage





تخصيص

Complex Analysis
الأدلة الجنائية (المرحلة الثانية)



إعلان للمف



رمز الفصل الدراسي

 vsp2rq1b



vsp2rq1b

<https://classroom.google.com/c/ODE1MDM4MzAxMzU0?cjc=vsp2rq1b>



Example 1:

Check weather $\lim_{z \rightarrow -1} \frac{z^2+1}{z+2}$ exist or not.

Solution:

$$\lim_{z \rightarrow -1} \frac{z^2+1}{z+2} = \frac{(-1)^2+1}{-1+2} = 2 \quad (\because \text{Lim exist})$$

Example 2:

Check weather $\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{\bar{z}}{z}$ exist or not.

Solution:

$$\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{\bar{z}}{z} = \frac{x-iy}{x+iy}$$

$$1. \lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{\bar{z}}{z} = \frac{x-0}{x+0} = \frac{x}{x} = 1$$

$$2. \lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{\bar{z}}{z} = \frac{0-iy}{0+iy} = \frac{-iy}{iy} = -1$$

$x \neq y \quad \therefore \text{Lim dose not exist}$

Question 1: Check weather $\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2-y^2}{x^2+y^2}$ exist or not. Where $z \neq 0$



Example 3: Check if $\lim_{z \rightarrow 2} \frac{z+1}{z-1}$ exist or not.

Solution:

$$\lim_{z \rightarrow 2} \frac{z+1}{z-1} = \frac{2+1}{2-1}$$

$$= \frac{3}{1}$$

$$= 3$$

$\therefore$ Lim exist

Example 4: Check if $\lim_{z \rightarrow i} \frac{z^2+1}{z-i}$ exist or not.

Solution:

$$\lim_{z \rightarrow i} \frac{(i)^2+1}{i-i} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$= \lim_{z \rightarrow i} \frac{z^2 + 4}{z - 2i}$$

$$= \lim_{z \rightarrow i} \frac{(z+i)(z+i)}{z-i}$$

$$= \lim_{z \rightarrow i} (z+i)$$



$$= \lim_{z \rightarrow i} (i + i) \\ = 2i$$

$\therefore$ Lim exist

Question 2: Check if $\lim_{z \rightarrow 3i} \frac{z^2+9}{z-3i}$ exist or not.

Question 3: Check if $\lim_{z \rightarrow 5i} \frac{z^2+25}{z-5i}$ exist or not.

Example 5: Check if $\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 y}{x^4 + y^2}$ exist or not.

Solution:

Let $y = mx^2$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2(mx^2)}{x^4 + (mx^2)^2} \\ = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{mx^4}{x^4(1 + m^2)} \\ = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{m}{(1 + m^2)}$$

$\therefore$ Lim does not exist



Example 6: Check if $\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{2xy^3}{x^2+y^6}$ exist or not.

Solution:

Let $x=my^3$

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2(my^3)(y^3)}{(my^3)^2+y^6} \\&= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2my^6}{y^6(m^2+1)} \\&= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2m}{(m^2+1)}\end{aligned}$$

$\therefore$ Lim does not exist

Question 4: Check if $\lim_{z \rightarrow 2i} \frac{z^2+4}{z^3+8i}$ exist or not. Use L'Hopital

Role



Example 7: Check if $\lim_{z \rightarrow 1+i} \frac{z^2 + (1+i)}{z^3 - (1+i)}$ exist or not.

$$\frac{d}{dz} \frac{z^2 + (1+i)}{z^3 - (1+i)} = \frac{2z}{3z^2}$$

$$= \lim_{z \rightarrow 1+i} \frac{2}{3z}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3(1+i)}$$

$$= \frac{2(1-i)}{3(1+i)(1-i)}$$

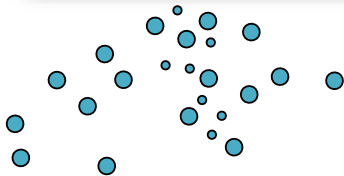
$$= \frac{2(1-i)}{3(2)}$$

$$= \frac{(1-i)}{3}$$

$\therefore$ Limit exist



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